# MEDINA COUNTY, TEXAS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

#### ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable County Judge and Commissioners' Court Hondo, Texas

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Medina County, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Medina County, Texas' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

AICPA\*

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Medina County, Texas, as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, pension and other post-employment benefit be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Medina County Texas' basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 24, 2020 on our consideration of Medina County, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Medina County, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Patillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

Waco, Texas March 24, 2020

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

As management of Medina County, we offer readers of Medina County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Medina County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The assets and deferred outflows of Medina County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$42,091,224.
- The County's total net position increased by \$3,398,578.
- Unrestricted net position of \$12,771,574 is available to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- Restricted net position of \$2,793,474 are funds set aside for specific purposes.
- As of the close of the fiscal year ending September 30, 2019, Medina County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$38,340,822, an increase of \$24,972,997 from the prior year.
- Unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$10,618,921.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is an introduction to Medina County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements encompass three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The government-wide financial statements provide readers with a broad overview of Medina County's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator as to the direction of the financial position of Medina County.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes, debt payments, and earned but unused vacation leave).

**Fund financial statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like the state and other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental funds.** Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of available resources, as well as on balances of available resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Medina County maintains 55 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General, Debt Service Fund, and the 2019 Certificate of Obligation Fund which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 52 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Medina County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund, certain Special Revenue Funds, and the Debt Service Fund. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

**Proprietary funds.** Medina County maintains proprietary funds in the form of Internal Service Funds. Internal Service Funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. Medina County uses an Internal Service Fund to account for its Employee Health Insurance funds and Claims Escrow. Because both of these services benefit governmental activities, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

**Fiduciary funds.** Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties which are not a component of the County. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support Medina County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the notes to the financial statements.

#### **Financial Analysis of Government-wide Statements**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Medina County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$42,091,224 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

#### **MEDINA COUNTY'S NET POSITION**

	Governmen	Governmental Activities				
	2019	2018				
Current assets	\$ 45,125,389	\$ 19,870,270				
Capital assets	30,801,112	28,691,172				
Total assets	75,926,501	48,561,442				
Deferred outflows of resources	2,889,081	990,051				
Current liabilities	1,393,392	1,609,216				
Noncurrent liabilities	34,991,393	8,742,419				
Total liabilities	36,384,785	10,351,635				
Deferred inflows of resources	339,573	507,212				
Net position:  Net investment						
in capital assets	26,526,176	25,347,470				
Restricted	2,793,474	2,535,394				
Unrestricted	12,771,574	10,809,782				
Total net position	\$ <u>42,091,224</u>	\$ 38,692,646				

A portion of the County's net position \$26,526,176 reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery, and equipment). Medina County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. It should be noted that the resources needed to repay the debt associated with these capital assets must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. Capital assets are shown in the chart below.

	2019	2018
Non-depreciable: CIP Land	\$ 1,484,315 1,518,703	\$ 13,112 1,354,683
Capital assets, non-depreciable	3,003,018	1,367,795
Capital assets, net of depreciation: Buildings and improvements Equipment Infrastructure	11,636,317 4,231,565 11,930,212	12,257,336 3,862,429 11,203,612
	\$ <u>27,798,094</u>	\$ <u>27,323,377</u>

An additional portion of the County's net position \$2,793,474 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The unrestricted net position \$12,771,574 may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

#### **MEDINA COUNTY'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION**

	Governmental Activities				
	2019	2018			
REVENUES					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 4,332,966	\$ 4,343,174			
Operating grants and contributions	1,673,545	1,625,614			
Capital grants and contributions	-	28,470			
General revenues:					
Property taxes	19,342,618	17,411,712			
Sales taxes	3,214,940	2,645,597			
Other	65,656	68,927			
Investment earnings	392,281	167,037			
Miscellaneous	790,431	673,169			
Total revenues	29,812,437	26,963,700			
EXPENSES					
General government	6,878,362	6,961,254			
Legal	4,084,901	3,793,534			
Public safety	8,162,023	7,901,444			
Public transportation	5,291,874	3,573,388			
Health and welfare	1,387,426	1,166,411			
Interest on long-term debt	609,273	114,854			
Total expenses	26,413,859	23,510,885			
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	3,398,578	3,452,815			
NET POSITION, BEGINNING	38,692,646	36,857,400			
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT	<u> </u>	( 1,617,569)			
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$ <u>42,091,224</u>	\$ <u>38,692,646</u>			

Property taxes are collected to support government activity through the General Fund, special road and bridge funds, and Debt Service Fund. The county tax rate increased from the prior year. Property tax revenues increased by \$1,930,906 (10%) to \$19,342,618 for the year because of increased values and new developments added to the rolls.

#### **Financial Analysis of the Governmental Funds**

As noted earlier, Medina County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Medina County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, Medina County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$38,340,822, an increase of \$24,972,997 in comparison with the prior year. This increase is primarily attributable to the issuance of Certificates of Obligation 2019 which included proceeds of \$24.5 million. Approximately 27% percent of this total amount constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance, \$27,937,194 is non-spendable, restricted or assigned and is not available for new spending.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, total fund balance of the General Fund was \$11,189,157. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Fund balance in the General Fund represents 65% of total General Fund expenditures. Maintaining a significant fund balance is essential for sound financial management because a great majority of the grant funding for the County is in the form of reimbursements requiring the use of County funding upfront.

**Proprietary funds.** Proprietary funds are made up of an Internal Service Fund, which include the Employee Health Insurance Fund.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget for fiscal year ending September 30, 2019, can be summarized as follows:

- Actual revenue exceeded budgeted revenue by \$1,522,405.
- Actual revenues exceeded expenditures by \$3,347,246.
- Final budgeted expenditures exceeded the actual final budgeted expenditure amount by \$678,829.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

**Capital assets.** Medina County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of September 30, 2019, amounts to \$30,801,112 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, system improvements, machinery and equipment, roads, highways, and bridges.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Construction and acquisition of land for the Courthouse Annex and County Jail;
- Acquisition of additional machinery for road maintenance; and
- Acquisition of vehicles and equipment for various departments.

Additional information about Medina County's capital assets can be found in Note 3 of the notes to the financial statements.

**Long-term debt.** During the current fiscal year, the County issued \$22,815,000 of Certificates of Obligation. The full amount is backed by the full faith and credit of the County. The County also has \$3.4 million of tax notes, \$605,927 of capital leases, and \$457,646 of time warrants outstanding at year-end as well.

Additional information on Medina County's long-term debt can be found in Note 3 of the notes to the financial statements.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

The County of Medina develops a budget to help effectively accomplish the highest priorities and objectives throughout the upcoming fiscal year.

Our fiscal year 2019-2020 budget had a new taxable appraised value of \$3.47 billion, an increase of \$206 million (5.93%) from the previous fiscal year 2018-2019. This increase is mainly due to new properties and property values. The total tax rate adopted by the Commissioner's County for the County of Medina of \$0.5517 per \$100 of assessed valuation, was the same as the total tax rate for prior fiscal year 2018-2019. This tax rate will provide 33% of our approximate total \$58.1 million of budgeted expenses and expect the remaining from other revenue sources and beginning cash. The general operating fund spending increased in fiscal year 2019-2020 budget to \$20.1 million from \$19.7 million in prior fiscal year 2018-2019 budget. This 2.2% increase in the budget was primarily due to wage increases, personnel additions and our indigent defense assistance program.

The County of Medina continues to experience an increase in population throughout the area. This rapid growth along with a rising demand for local government services has placed a strain on existing facilities, particularly our County Courthouse and County Jail. Our County Courthouse is not large enough to house all administrative employees. Therefore, we have several external offices that are currently being leased or that have been purchased by the County. Our ninety-six (96) bed County Jail is well overcrowded, forcing us to house numerous inmates at nearby counties. Due to these significant matters, with approval of the Commissioners Court, the County of Medina issued a \$24 million Certificate of Obligation to finance the costs of expanding our County Jail to double its current capacity and the construction of a new County Courthouse Annex. In an effort to plan for the future growth of Medina County, the Commissioners Court has also approved the purchase of multiple parcels of land that surround the new County Courthouse Annex construction site.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report provides an overview of Medina County's finances for all those with an interest in its finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Chris Schuchart, Medina County Judge.

### BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

#### SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Primary Government	
	Governmental Activities	
ASSETS		
Cash and investments	\$ 38,557,934	
Receivables:		
Ad valorem taxes	1,337,512	
Sales tax	456,127	
Intergovernmental	480,455	
Fines	3,989,086	
Other	304,275	
Capital assets: Nondepreciable	3,003,018	
·	27,798,094	
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	75,926,501	
Total assets	73,920,301	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows related to pensions	2,455,085	
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	433,996	
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,889,081	
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	758,315	
Accrued liabilities	372,784	
Interest payable	84,746	
Unearned revenue	38,232	
Other liabilities	139,315	
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Due within one year	1 E11 270	
Long-term debt Due in more than one year	1,511,378	
Long-term debt	27,635,852	
Net pension liability	2,456,656	
Total OPEB - retiree health	3,387,507	
Total liabilities	36,384,785	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	265 520	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	265,538	
Deferred inflows related to OPEB - retiree health	74,035	
Total deferred outflows of resources	339,573	
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	26,526,176	
Restricted for:	1 012 767	
Road and bridge	1,843,767	
Debt service	12,402	
Records management and technology  Law enforcement and security	541,169 263,412	
Grant requirements	132,724	
Unrestricted	12,771,574	
	<u> </u>	
Total net position	\$ <u>42,091,224</u>	

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Progran	n Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Primary Government		
		Charges	Operating Grants and	Governmental		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	for Services	Contributions	Activities		
Primary Government:						
Governmental activities:						
General administration	\$ 6,878,362	\$ 1,395,876	\$ 368,323	\$( 5,114,163)		
Legal	4,084,901	443,562	452,345	( 3,188,994)		
Public safety	8,162,023	1,508,581	156,035	( 6,497,407)		
Public transportation	5,291,874	981,547	-	( 4,310,327)		
Health and welfare Interest on long-term debt	1,387,426 609,273	3,400	696,842 	( 687,184) ( 609,273)		
Total governmental activities	\$ 26,413,859	\$ 4,332,966	\$ <u>1,673,545</u>	( 20,407,348)		
	General revenue	oc.				
	Taxes:					
	Property			19,342,618		
	Sales			3,214,940		
	Other taxes			65,656		
	Investment ea Miscellaneous	irnings		392,281 790,431		
	Total general rev	venues		23,805,926		
	Change in net po	osition		3,398,578		
	Net position, beg	ginning		38,692,646		
	Net position, end	ding		\$\$		

#### **BALANCE SHEET**

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

#### SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	General		Debt Service	
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$	10,545,150	\$	342,517
Receivables: Ad valorem taxes		1,057,954		68,913
Sales tax		456,127		-
Intergovernmental		25,542		-
Other		114,295		-
Due from other funds		722,612	_	
Total assets		12,921,680	_	411,430
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable		365,733		-
Payroll liabilities		255,347		-
Other liabilities		117,082		-
Due to other funds Unearned revenue		_		319,606
Total liabilities		738,162	_	319,606
Total liabilities		730,102	_	319,000
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		994,361		71,745
Unavailable revenue - grants			_	
Total deferred inflows of resources		994,361	_	71,745
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted for:				
Road and bridge		-		-
Debt service Records management and technology		_		20,079
Law enforcement and security		-		- -
Grant requirements		_		-
Capital Projects		-		-
Assigned for:				
Utilization of fund balance in subsequent				
year's budget		570,236		-
Unassigned		10,618,921	_	
Total fund balances	_	11,189,157	_	20,079
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	12,921,680	\$_	411,430

Certificates				Total
of Obligation		Other		Governmental
2019		Governmental		Funds
24,064,015	\$	3,401,251	\$	38,352,933
-		210,645		1,337,512
-		-		456,127
-		454,913		480,455
-		181,412		295,707
			_	722,612
24,064,015		4,248,221	_	41,645,346
-		390,116		755,849
-		117,437		372,784
-		22,233		139,315
-		403,006		722,612
		30,199	_	30,199
		962,991	_	2,020,759
-		87,199		1,153,305
		130,460		130,460
-		217,659		1,283,765
		•		
-		1,756,568		1,756,568
-		5,324		25,403
-		541,169		541,169
-		263,412		263,412
-		132,724		132,724
24,064,015		583,667		24,647,682
-		-		570,236
-	(	215,293)		10,403,628
24,064,015	-	3,067,571		38,340,822
\$ 24,064,015	\$	4,248,221	\$_	41,645,346

### RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

#### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet	\$	38,340,822
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		30,801,112
Long-term liabilities applicable to governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized in the statement of net position.		
Accrued interest \$ ( 84,746 Certificates of obligation ( 22,815,000 Premium on issuance ( 1,639,045 Tax Notes ( 3,405,000 Capital leases payable ( 605,927 Time Warrants ( 457,646 Compensated absences ( 224,612 Deferred outflow related to pensions ( 265,538 Deferred inflow related to opensions ( 265,538 Deferred outflow related to OPEB ( 74,035 Net pension liability ( 2,456,656 Net OPEB obligation ( 3,387,507	) ) ) ) ) )	32,526,631)
The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Fund are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.		203,070
Long-term assets are not available to pay for current period  Fines and court costs  Grants  Property taxes  Total long-term assets  3,989,086  130,460  1,153,305		5,272,851
Net position of governmental activities	\$_	42,091,224

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		General		Debt Service
REVENUES Property taxes Sales tax Other taxes Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services	\$	14,305,736 3,214,940 21,215 - 151,326 1,466,165	\$	1,014,574 - - - - -
Fines and forfeitures Interest Miscellaneous Total revenues	_	731,130 232,444 482,929 20,605,885	_	7,781 4,281 1,026,636
EXPENDITURES  Current: General administration Legal Public safety Public transportation Health and welfare Capital outlay Debt service: Principal Interest and other charges		5,076,046 3,400,429 7,065,341 - 410,491 939,070 345,732 21,530		- - - - - - 915,000 67,771
Total expenditures  EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES  OVER EXPENDITURES	_	17,258,639 3,347,246		982,771
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from debt issuance Premium on debt issuance Sale of capital assets Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources and uses	<u>(                                    </u>	- 17,280 64,650 1,596,796) 1,514,866)		- - - 265,656 - 265,656
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		1,832,380		309,521
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		9,356,777	(	289,442)
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	11,189,157	\$	20,079

	Certificates				Total
(	of Obligation		Other	G	Governmental
	2019	G	overnmental		Funds
\$	-	\$	4,059,140	\$	19,379,450
•	-	·	· · ·		3,214,940
	-		44,441		65,656
	-		904,460		904,460
	-		1,391,759		1,543,085
	-		78,670		1,544,835
	-		897,693		1,628,823
	64,015		86,444		390,684
			342,975		830,185
	64,015		7,805,582		29,502,118
					_
	-		692,790		5,768,836
	-		472,362		3,872,791
	-		669,967		7,735,308
	-		4,710,510		4,710,510
	-		842,919		1,253,410
	-		2,303,151		3,242,221
	-		148,625		1,409,357
	454,045		11,202		554,548
	454,045		9,851,526		28,546,981
	<u> </u>				
(	390,030)	(	2,045,944)		955,137
	22,815,000		440,680		23,255,680
	1,639,045		-		1,639,045
	-		855		18,135
	-		436,796		767,102
		(	65,306)	(	1,662,102)
	24,454,045		813,025		24,017,860
	24,064,015	(	1,232,919)		24,972,997
	<u> </u>		4,300,490		13,367,825
\$	24,064,015	\$	3,067,571	\$	38,340,822

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Amounts	reported	for	governmental	activities	in	the	Statement	of
Activities are different because:								

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 24,972,997
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However,	

Capital outlay \$ 4,023,629 Depreciation expense \$ (1,913,689)

Net adjustment 2,109,940

Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the statement of net position.

Repayments:

Tax Notes 915,000
Time Warrants 92,670
Capital leases 401,691

Net adjustment 1,409,361

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

Accounts receivable:

 Fines and court costs
 215,094

 Grants
 130,460

 Property taxes
 ( 36,832)

Net adjustment 308,722

An Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as health insurance premiums, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain Internal Service Funds is reported with governmental activities.

243,949

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., capital leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.

( 24,894,725)

3,398,578

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are recognized for transactions that are normally paid with expendable, available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized as an expenditure under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues.

Interest on long-term debt	(	54,725)
Compensated absences	•	3,662
OPEB cost	(	294,202)
Pension cost	Ì	406,401)

Net adjustment ( 751,666)

Change in net position of governmental activities

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

### GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - INTERNAL SERVICE FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

#### **ASSETS**

Cash and investments Other receivables	\$ 205,001 <u>8,568</u>
Total assets	\$
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Unearned revenue	\$ 2,466 8,033
Total liabilities	\$ <u>10,499</u>
NET POSITION Unrestricted	\$\$
Total net position	\$203,070

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

OPERATING REVENUES	\$ 2,671,394
Charges for services	\$ <u>2,071,394</u>
Total operating revenues	2,671,394
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Claims	81,105
Premiums and administrative	3,242,937
Total operating expenses	3,324,042
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	( 652,648)
NONOPERATING REVENUES	
Interest and investment earnings	<u> </u>
Income before transfers	( 651,051)
TRANSFERS	
Transfer In	895,000
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	243,949
TOTAL NET POSITION, BEGINNING	( 40,879)
TOTAL NET POSITION, ENDING	\$\$

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

#### GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Cash received from users	\$	2,679,427
Cash paid to suppliers for services	(	3,575,674)
Net cash used by operating activities	(	896,247)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Transfers in from other funds		895,000
Net cash provided by operating activities		895,000
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest and investment earnings		1,597
Net cash provided by investing activities		1,597
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		350
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING		204,651
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, ENDING	\$	205,001
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating loss	\$(	652,648)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)		
to net cash provided by operating activities:		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(	8,568)
(Increase) decrease in unearned revenue		8,033
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(	243,064)
Net cash used by operating activities	\$ <u>(</u>	896,247)

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

#### SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Agency Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ <u>3,897,603</u>
Total assets	\$ 3,897,603
LIABILITIES	
Due to others	\$ 3,897,603
Total liabilities	\$ 3,897,603

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### A. Reporting Entity

Medina County, Texas, was organized in 1848. The County operates under a County Judge-Commissioners' Court type of government and provides the following services throughout the County: public safety (law enforcement), public transportation (highways and roads), health and welfare, conservation (agriculture), public facilities, judicial and legal, election functions, and general and financial administrative services. A summary of the significant accounting policies consistently applied in the preparation of financial statements follows:

The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability. The elected officials governing Medina County are accountable to their constituents for their public policy decisions, regardless of whether those decisions are carried out directly through the operations of the County or by their appointees through the operations of a separate entity. Therefore, the County is not only financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity, it is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on the County.

Depending upon the significance of the County's financial and operational relationships with various separate entities, the organizations are classified as blended or discretely presented component units, related organizations, joint ventures, or jointly governed organizations, and the financial disclosure is treated accordingly.

Based upon the foregoing criteria, there are no component units for Medina County.

# B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities* are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenue. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Certain indirect costs have been included as part of the program expenses reported for the various functional activities.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

# C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting,* as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be *available* when it is collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenue to be available if collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The <u>Debt Service Fund</u> is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of long-term debt principal and interest. The primary source of revenue for Debt Service Funds is ad valorem taxes. The use of Debt Service Funds to service debt is not required unless legally mandated or if resources are accumulated for payments maturing in future years.

The <u>Certificates of Obligation 2019 Fund</u> is used to account for the proceeds from the 2019 Certificates of Obligation issue. These proceeds will be used for (i) designing, constructing, renovating, expanding, improving, and equipping the Medina County Jail, Sheriff's Office, and Courthouse, (ii) designing, constructing, renovating, improving, expanding, and equipping a new County Courthouse Annex to be located in Hondo, Texas, (iii) the purchase of materials, supplies, equipment, machinery, landscaping, land, and rights-of-way for authorized needs and purposes related to the aforementioned capital projects, and (iv) payment of professional services relating to the aforementioned projects.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

**Special Revenue Funds** are used to account for specific revenue sources (other than for capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These legal restrictions can come from outside the county or from Commissioners' Court.

The <u>Capital Projects Funds</u> are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

The <u>Internal Service Fund</u> accounts for health insurance services provided to other departments or agencies of the County, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

<u>Agency Funds</u> account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent for others.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes.

### D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

### **Cash and Investments**

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and demand deposits.

Operating cash is administered using a "pool" concept which combines the monies of most County funds into a single interest-bearing bank account for control purposes. Each fund's portion of this pool is accounted for in the applicable fund. Interest earnings on these deposits are apportioned to each fund based on their end of month balance in the pool. Investments for the County are reported at fair value, except for the position in investment pools.

## **Receivables and Payables**

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans).

## **Property Taxes**

Property is appraised and a lien on such property becomes enforceable as of January 1, subject to certain procedures for rendition, appraisal, appraisal review, and judicial review. Property taxes are levied by October 1 of the year in which assessed or as soon thereafter as practicable. The Medina County Tax Assessor-Collector bills and collects the ad valorem property taxes (including penalty and interest and delinquent tax attorney fees, if any) for the County. Property taxes are due and payable from October 1 of the year in which levied until January 31 of the following year without interest or penalty.

Collections of the current year's levy are reported as current collections if received by June 30 (within nine months of the October 1 due date). Collections received thereafter are reported as delinquent collections.

The County's taxes on Medina property are a lien against such property until paid. The County may foreclose on Medina property upon which it has a lien for unpaid taxes. The exception is homestead property belonging to persons 65 years of age or older. Although the County does collect delinquent taxes through foreclosure proceedings, delinquent taxes on property not otherwise collected, are generally paid when there is a sale or a transfer of the title to the property.

Any liens and subsequent suits against the taxpayer for payment of delinquent personal property taxes are barred unless instituted within four years from the time such taxes become delinquent. Unlike Medina property, the sale or transfer of most personal property does not require any evidence that taxes thereon are paid.

The County distributes all tax collections to the General Fund, Road and Bridge, and Debt Service Funds.

The 2018 Tax Rate for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, was \$0.5517 per \$100 valuation.

The Texas Legislature in 1979 adopted a comprehensive Property Tax Code (the "Code") which established a County-wide appraisal district and an appraisal review board in each County in the State. The Medina County Tax Appraisal District (the "Appraisal District") is responsible for the recording and appraisal of property for all taxing units in the County.

The Appraisal District is required under the Code to assess property at 100% of its appraised value. Further, Medina County property must be reappraised at least every four years. Under certain circumstances, taxpayers and taxing units, including the County, may challenge orders of the Appraisal Review Board through various appeals and, if necessary, legal action. Under the Code, the Commissioners' Court will continue to set County tax rates on property.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories of supplies on hand have not been recorded, as such supplies are of an expendable nature and are expensed when purchased. As these amounts do not seem to fluctuate a great deal from year to year, it is felt that the exclusion of inventories does not materially affect either the financial position or results of operations of these funds.

### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, infrastructure (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. The County defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition cost, which is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential at the acquisition date.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	20-50
Improvements	5-50
Equipment	5-20

### **Compensatory Time (Comp Time)**

Medina County employees may be required by their department heads to work hours in excess of forty (40) hours per week. Due to our restricted revenues, only law enforcement departments are budgeted for overtime pay. Therefore, all non-exempt employees that work in excess of 40 hours per week for an unbudgeted department, Medina County uses compensatory time off (Comp Time) to compensate for overtime hours worked. Comp time accrues only when an employee actually works over 40 hours per week. An employee may accrue a maximum of 40 hours of Comp time, any additional overtime hours worked will be paid at the one-and-one-half (1 ½) times the employee's regular hourly pay rate. Overtime for law enforcement employees shall be handled in accordance with the policy for overtime compensation established by the Sheriff's Department and approved by the Commissioner's Court. Employees are not entitled to payment for unused Comp Time upon termination.

## Personnel Time Off (PTO) & Vacation Leave

All full-time regular employees of Medina County are eligible for Personnel Time Off (PTO) and vacation benefits. Accrual of PTO and vacation benefits shall begin on the employee's first day of work in a full-time position. However, an employee must work for a minimum of ninety (90) days in said position before he/she is eligible to use PTO or vacation time. Employees shall not be allowed to borrow PTO or vacation time against future accruals, nor should employees be allowed to receive pay in lieu of taking time off. PTO and vacation time accrue at a rate of 3.08 hour per pay-period. An employee may carry over a maximum of 240 hours to PTO and a maximum of 160 hours vacation leave. Once an employee reaches the maximum accrual balance, he/she will stop accruing time until the balance is below the maximum allowed. An employee may carry over a maximum of 240 hours of PTO and a maximum of 40 hours of vacation leave from one calendar year to the next. Any accrued time over the carry-over maximum allowed will be removed from payroll records at the end of the calendar year and the employee will lose that time with no payment received. If a holiday falls during PTO or vacation leave, the holiday shall be charged in accordance with the policy on holidays and shall not be charged against the employee's PTO nor vacation balance. Unused PTO leave is cancelled upon leaving Medina County employment without compensation to the employee. Employees cannot use PTO in lieu of giving their two-week's notice. Unlike PTO, at the time of an employee's termination from Medina County employment, accrued vacation leave will be paid out at the employee's current rate of pay, not to exceed 160 hours.

### **Long-term Obligations**

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Gains or losses on refunding of bond issues are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expenses, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS) and additions to/deductions from TCDRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCDRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### Other Post-Employment Benefits

Retiree Health Insurance. For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, OPEB related deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and OPEB expense, benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Contributions are not required but are measured as payments by the County for benefits due and payable that are not reimbursed by plan assets. Information regarding the County's total OPEB liability is obtained from a reported prepared by a consulting actuary.

# **Fund Balance Classification**

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- Nonspendable: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are
  either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be
  maintained intact. Nonspendable items are not expected to be converted to cash or are
  not expected to be converted to cash within the next year.
- Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by ordinance of the Commissioners' Court, the County's highest level of decision-making authority. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Commissioners' Court removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

- Assigned: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Commissioners' Court or County Judge.
- Unassigned: This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund.
  The unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other
  governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of assigned fund balance
  amounts.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the County considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the County considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

### **Net Position**

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

# **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category:

- Difference in expected and actual pension experience This difference is deferred and recognized over the estimated average remaining lives of all members determined as of the measurement date.
- Changes in actuarial assumptions This difference is deferred and amortized over a closed five-year period.
- Difference in projected and actual earnings on pension assets This difference is deferred and amortized over a closed five-year period.
- Pension contributions after measurement date These contributions are deferred and recognized in the following fiscal year.

In addition to liability, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applied to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has two types of items that qualified for reporting in this category.

- Unavailable revenue is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. These
  amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the
  amounts become available.
- Difference in expected and actual pension and OPEB experience This difference is deferred and recognized over the estimated average remaining lives of all members determined as of the measurement date.

### 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

### **Deficit Fund Balance**

The following funds had a deficit fund balance:

- Community Justice Assistance \$(26,991)
- Health Unit \$(39,289)
- Juvenile Probation Department \$(41,616)
- Project Safe Neighborhoods \$(1,106)
- JAG District Attorney \$(892)
- Capital Project \$(105,399)

The County anticipates revenues in future periods will eliminate these deficit fund balances, or the County will transfer funds from the General Fund to eliminate these deficits.

### 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACTIVITY

### **Deposits and Investments**

As of September 30, 2019, the County had the following investments:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity (Days)
TexPool	\$ 4,320,512	38
Texas CLASS	9,163,838	41
Logic	4,452,434	49
	\$ <u>17,936,784</u>	

Interest Rate Risk. In accordance with its investment policy, the County manages its exposure to declines in fair market values by limiting the weighted average maturity of the investment portfolios to a maximum of 90 days.

Custodial Credit Risk. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require that all deposits in financial institutions be fully collateralized by U. S. Government obligations or its agencies and instrumentalities or direct obligations of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities that have a fair value of not less than the principal amount of deposits. As of September 30, 2019, the County's deposit balance was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution and FDIC insurance.

Credit Risk. It is the County's policy, as defined by the Texas Public Funds Investment Act, to limit its investments to investment types with an investment quality rating not less than A or its equivalent by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The County's investments were rated as follows:

Investment Type	Rating	Rating Agency			
TexPool	AAAm	Standard & Poor's			
Texas CLASS	AAAm	Standard & Poor's			
Logic	AAAm	Standard & Poor's			

### **Public Funds Investment Pools**

Public funds investment pools in Texas ("Pools") are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 79 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: 1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; 2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and 3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one-half of one percent of the value of its shares.

# **Receivables**

Receivables as of year-end for the County's individual major funds and nonmajor, internal service, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

		General Fund	De	bt Service Fund	Nonmajor vernmental Funds		Internal Service Fund		Total
Receivables:									
Property taxes	\$	1,057,954	\$	68,913	\$ 210,645	\$	-	\$	1,337,512
Sales tax		456,127		-	-		-		456,127
Intergovernmental		25,542		-	454,913		-		480,455
Other	_	114,295		-	181,412	_	8,568	_	304,275
Total receivables	\$	1,653,918	\$	68,913	\$ 846,970	\$	8,568	\$	2,578,369

# **Capital Assets**

# **Primary Government**

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,354,683	\$ 164,020	\$ -	\$ 1,518,703
Construction in progress	13,112	1,471,203		1,484,315
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,367,795	1,635,223		3,003,018
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	18,320,308	245,035	-	18,565,343
Equipment	11,965,941	1,130,805	( 243,844)	12,852,902
Infrastructure	20,955,963	1,012,566		21,968,529
Total capital assets being depreciated	51,242,212	2,388,406	( 243,844)	53,386,774
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	6,062,972	866,054	-	6,929,026
Equipment	8,103,512	761,669	( 243,844)	8,621,337
Infrastructure	9,752,351	285,966		10,038,317
Total accumulated depreciation	23,918,835	1,913,689	( 243,844)	25,588,680
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	27,323,377	474,717		27,798,094
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ <u>28,691,172</u>	\$ 2,109,940	\$	\$ 30,801,112

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 863,581
Legal	267
Public safety	293,750
Public transportation	702,950
Health and welfare	 53,141
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 1,913,689

# **Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers**

The composition of interfund balances as of September 30, 2019, is as follows:

# **Due to/from Other Funds:**

Receivable Fund	e Fund Payable Fund				
General Fund General Fund	Debt Service Fund Nonmajor governmental	\$ 	319,606 403,006		
Total		\$ <u></u>	722,612		

All balances of the due to/due from resulted from short-term loans that are to be reimbursed within the next year.

### **Interfund Transfers:**

#### Transfers In

	General		Debt		Nonmajor		Internal	
	 Fund	Se	rvice Fund	Go	overnmental	Se	rvice Fund	Total
<u>Transfers Out:</u> General Nonmajor Governmental	\$ - 64,650	\$	265,000 656	\$	436,796 -	\$	895,000 -	\$ 1,596,796 65,306
Total Transfers Out	\$ 64,650	\$	265,656	\$	436,796	\$_	895,000	\$ 1,662,102

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the Debt Service Fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

### **Long-term Debt**

## **Certificates of Obligation**

In July 2019 the County received certificates of obligation in the amount of \$22,815,000 with interest rates ranging from 3.00 to 4.00%. The proceeds from the certificate will be used for (i) designing, constructing, renovating, expanding, improving, and equipping the Medina County Jail, Sheriff's Office, and Courthouse, (ii) designing, constructing, renovating, improving, expanding, and equipping a new County Courthouse Annex to be located in Hondo, Texas, (iii) the purchase of materials, supplies, equipment, machinery, landscaping, land, and rights-of-way for authorized needs and purposes related to the aforementioned capital projects, and (iv) payment of professional services relating to the aforementioned projects. The entire principal balance of the certificates was outstanding at year end. Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the certificates are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmen	Governmental Activities					
September 30	<u>Principal</u>	Interest					
2020	\$ 100,000	\$ 766,150					
2021	235,000	761,125					
2022	300,000	753,000					
2023	750,000	714,100					
2024	800,000	714,000					
2025-2029	5,700,000	2,958,500					
2030-2034	6,895,000	1,762,625					
2035-2039	8,035,000	617,175					
Total	\$_22,815,000	\$ <u>9,046,675</u>					

## **Tax Notes**

In November 2016, the County received a tax note in the amount of \$1,000,000 with interest rates ranging from .85 to 1.4%. The proceeds from the sale of the notes will be used for (i) constructing, acquiring, purchasing, renovating, equipping, enlarging, and improving County facilities, (ii) purchasing voting equipment, and (iii) payment of professional services relating to the aforementioned projects. Currently, the County has two outstanding tax notes.

Interest Rates		Amount
250/ 2.600/	_	2.405.000
.35% - 2.60%	\$	3,405,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the tax note are as follows:

Year Ending		Governmental Activities					
September 30	Princ	ipal	I	nterest			
2020	± -		_	F0 202			
2020	\$ 74	15,000	\$	59,393			
2021	76	55,000		46,519			
2022	77	75,000		32,662			
2023	41	15,000		21,019			
2024	42	25,000		11,905			
2025	28	<u>80,000</u>		3,640			
Total	\$ <u>3,40</u>	05,000	\$	175,138			

### Time Warrants

The County has 5-time warrants for the purchase of various machinery and equipment. The interest rates on the warrants are 3.00% to 5.00%. Annual debt service requirements to maturity for time warrants are as follows:

Year Ending	 Governmental Activities				
September 30	 Principal	I	nterest		
2020	\$ 125,394	\$	13,995		
2021	108,428		10,134		
2022	83,397		6,827		
2023	83,397		4,283		
2024	 57,030		1,744		
Total	\$ 457,646	\$	36,983		

### **Capital Leases**

The County has acquired certain capital assets for governmental activities through the use of lease purchase agreements. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. These capital leases are direct borrowings and the equipment purchased with the lease proceeds are collateral.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	Asset
Governmental activities	
Assets:	
Motorola Communications Upgrade	\$ 1,729,664
Accumulated depreciation	( 691,864)
Total	\$ 1,037,800

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of September 30, 2019, were as follows:

Year Ending September 30	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
2020	\$ 432,182
2021 Total minimum lease payments	<u>196,340</u> 628,522
Less: amount representing interest	( 22,595)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ <u>605,927</u>

### **Changes in Long-term Liabilities**

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2019, was as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance		Amounts Due Within One Year
Government activities										
Certificate of obligation	\$	-	\$	22,815,000	\$	-	\$	22,815,000	\$	100,000
Premium on certificate of obligation		-		1,639,045		-		1,639,045		81,952
Tax notes		4,320,000		-		915,000		3,405,000		745,000
Time warrants		109,636		440,680		92,670		457,646		125,394
Capital leases		1,007,618		-		401,691		605,927		414,110
Compensated absences	_	228,274	_	397,484	_	401,146	_	224,612	_	44,922
Governmental activity										
long-term liabilities	\$_	5,665,528	\$_	25,292,209	\$_	1,810,507	\$_	29,147,230	\$_	1,511,378

If the County were to default on any long-term debt, any registered owner of the obligations is entitled to seek a writ of mandamus from a court of proper jurisdiction requiring the County to make a payment.

Compensated absences are typically funded with the General and Road and Bridge Funds.

## Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the County carries commercial insurance. The County has not had any significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year.

The County is a member of the Texas Association of Counties Risk Pool for health insurance. The pool is a public entity risk pool and was created based on the general objectives of formulating, developing and administering a program of self-insurance for the membership and obtaining lower costs for coverages. The pool coverage is offered through interlocal agreements between the Pool and counties. The Pool has the power to establish fees, contributions and methods for establishing rates. Under contract with the Pool, the Association provides for such services as claims administration and management, underwriting, loss control services and training, and financial reporting for its members. The Association submits sealed bids to counties during the bid process. The Pool is governed by a Board of Directors made up of employees or officials of counties which are members of the Pool. Member counties make contributions to the Pool, and the Pool provides insurance coverage and applicable reinsurance or stop loss coverage. The insurance policies carry various deductibles and aggregate maximum loss totals. The by-laws of the Pool are detailed in a separate document which can be obtained from the Texas Association of Counties, 1210 San Antonio Street, Austin, TX 78701.

The County began using the Texas Association of Counties Risk Pool for health insurance on January 1, 2018. Before January 1, 2018, the County was self-insured for healthcare. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the coverage in the past fiscal year, and there have been no settlements exceeding insurance coverage.

## **Defined Benefit Pension Plan**

**Plan Description.** The County participates in a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System ("TCDRS"). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent, multiple-employer, public employee retirement system consisting of nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.tcdrs.org">www.tcdrs.org</a>.

All full and part-time non-temporary employees participate in the plan, regardless of the number of hours they work in a year. Employees in a temporary position are not eligible for membership.

**Benefits Provided.** TCDRS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits for all eligible employees. Benefit terms are established by the TCDRS Act. The benefit terms may be amended as of January 1, each year, but must remain in conformity with the Act.

Members can retire at age 60 and above with 8 or more years of service, with 20 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after eight years of service but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the employer within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. By law, employee accounts earn 7% interest. At retirement, death or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the employerfinanced monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS

### Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2018 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	118
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	178
Active employees	242
	538

Contributions. The contribution rates for employees in TCDRS are either 4%, 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, as adopted by the employer's governing body. Participating employers are required to contribute at actuarially determined rates to ensure adequate funding for each employer's plan. Under the state law governing TCDRS, the contribution rate for each entity is determined annually by the actuary and approved by the TCDRS Board of Trustees. The replacement life entry age actuarial cost method is used in determining the contribution rate. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to fund benefits in an orderly manner for each participate over his or her career so that sufficient funds are accumulated by the time benefit payments begin, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the County were required to contribute 6% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the County were 8.0% in calendar years 2018 and 2019. The County's contributions to TCDRS for the year ended September 30, 2019, were \$824,742, and were equal to the required contributions.

Net Pension Liability. The County's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2018, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

### Actuarial Assumptions

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2018, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.75% per year Overall payroll growth 3.25% per year

Investment rate of return 8.00%, net of pension plan investment and administrative expense, including inflation

The County has no automatic cost-of-living adjustments ("COLA") and one is not considered to be substantively automatic. Therefore, no assumption for future cost-of-living adjustments is included in the actuarial valuation. Each year, the County may elect an ad-hoc COLA for its retirees.

Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on the following:

Depositing members 90% of the RP-2014 Active Employee Mortality Table for males and 90% of the RP-2014 Active Employee Mortality

Table for females, projected with 110% of the MP-2014

Ultimate scale after 2014.

Service retirees, beneficiaries and non-depositing members

130% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 110% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014

Ultimate scale after 2014.

Disabled retirees 130% of the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table for

males and 115% of the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with 110% of the

MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.

The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability as of December 31, 2018, were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2013 through December 31, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 8.10%. The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the TCDRS Board of Trustees.

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS is determined by adding inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information below are based on January 2019 information for a 7 to 10-year time horizon. The valuation assumption for long-term expected return is re-assessed at a minimum of every four years and is set based on a 30-year time horizon; the most recent analysis was performed in 2017. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Benchmark	Target Allocation (1)	Geometric Real Rate of Return (Expected minus Inflation) (2)
US Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	10.50%	5.40%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity & Venture Capital Index (3)	18.00%	8.40%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	2.50%	5.70%
International Equities - Developed	MSCI World Ex USA (net)	10.00%	5.40%
International Equities - Emerging	MSCI EM Standard (net) Index	7.00%	5.90%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	1.60%
Strategic Credit	FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	12.00%	4.39%
Direct Lending	S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index	11.00%	7.95%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Associates Distressed Securities Index <sup>(4)</sup>	2.00%	7.20%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs Index + 33% S&P Global REIT (net) Index	2.00%	4.15%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)	Alerian MLP Index	3.00%	5.35%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index <sup>(5)</sup>	6.00%	6.30%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund of Funds Composite Index	13.00%	3.90%

- (1) Target asset allocation adopted at the April 2019 TCDRS Board meeting.
- (2) Geometric real rates of return equal the expected return minus the assumed inflation rate of 1.70%, per Cliffwater's 2019 capital market assumptions.
- (3) Includes vintage years 2006-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.
- (4) Includes vintage years 2005-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.
- (5) Includes vintage years 2007-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

## Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 8.1%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statue. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all period of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

### Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)			let Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balance at 12/31/2017 Changes for the year:	\$	26,917,361	\$	26,683,156	\$	234,205
Service cost		1,072,407		-		1,072,407
Interest on total pension liability (1)		2,215,666		_		2,215,666
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	(	182,717)		-	(	182,717)
Refund of contributions	(	217,009)	(	217,009)		=
Benefit payments	(	1,079,972)	(	1,079,972)		=
Administrative expenses		-	(	21,099)		21,099
Member contributions		-		597,615	(	597,615)
Net investment income		-	(	496,014)		496,014
Employer contributions		-		796,819	(	796,819)
Other <sup>(2)</sup>		-	_	5,584	(_	<u>5,584</u> )
Balance at 12/31/2018	\$	28,725,736	\$	26,269,080	\$	2,456,656

<sup>(1)</sup> Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

## Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net pension liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 8.1%, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (7.1%) or 1-percentage-higher (9.1%) than the current rate:

	1	Current 1% Decrease 7.1% Discount Rate 8.1%		1	1% Increase 9.1%		
Total pension liability Fiduciary net position	\$	32,621,432 26,269,080	\$	28,725,736 26,269,080	\$	25,469,005 26,269,080	
Net pension liability/(asset)	\$	6,352,352	\$	2,456,656	\$(	800,075)	

# Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TCDRS financial report. The report may be obtained on the Internet at <u>www.tcdrs.org</u>.

# Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of \$1,227,376. At September 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 11,738	\$ 265,538
Changes in actuarial assumptions	148,232	-
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	1,667,687	-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	627,428	
Total	\$ <u>2,455,085</u>	\$\$

<sup>(2)</sup> Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

\$627,428 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending September 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expenses as follows:

For The Year	
Ended September 30	
2020	\$ 610,037
2021	226,548
2022	193,415
2023	532,119

## **Other Post-retirement Health Care Benefits**

## **Plan Description**

The County provides certain health care and dental benefits, under county policy, for employees upon retirement that meet one of the following requirements: age 60 with 8 or more years of service, at least 30 years of service at any age, or a combined age plus service of at least 75. Employees hired on October 1, 2012 or after will no longer be eligible for such retiree coverage.

### **BENEFITS AND CONTRIBUTIONS**

Except for employees hired on or after October 1, 2012, a Medina County employee who retires and chooses a monthly pension through Texas County and District Retirement System is covered on Medina County's health and dental insurance plan through the month he or she turns 65. Retirees who take a lump sum payment of retirement savings are only eligible to remain on Medina County's health and dental insurance plan as provided for by COBRA guidelines. The qualified retiree may continue any dependent coverage up to the retiree's age of 65 at the same rate afforded to current employees. When the retiree turns 65 and becomes Medicare eligible, he or she is removed from coverage on Medina County's health and dental insurance plan. The retiree may continue dependent coverage according to COBRA guidelines.

Expenses for post-retirement health care benefits are recognized on a pay-as-you-go basis. During the year, post-retirement health care benefits paid by the County were \$104,078.

The number of employees currently covered by the benefit terms is as follows:

Inactive employees receiving benefits	7
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	=
Active employees	94
	101

### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

Significant methods and assumptions were as follows:

Inflation rate 3.00%  Salary increases 3.50%  Termination rates The termination rates were developed from the withdrawal assumption used in the 2017 actuarial report for TCDRS. The rates are a 15-year select and ultimate table and are sex specific.  Retirement rates The retirement rates were developed from the assumption used in the 2017 actuarial report for the TCDRS retirement plans. These rates are unisex.  Mortality RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and females, both projected with the MP-2019.  Health care cost trend rates Participation rates It was assumed that 100% of retirees who are eligible for the County subsidy and 100% of active employees would choose to receive health care benefits through the County.  Discount rate 2.66% as of September 30, 2019.	Actuarial cost method	Individual Entry Age Normal Cost Method - Level Percentage of Projected Salary.
Termination rates  The termination rates were developed from the withdrawal assumption used in the 2017 actuarial report for TCDRS. The rates are a 15-year select and ultimate table and are sex specific.  Retirement rates  The retirement rates were developed from the assumption used in the 2017 actuarial report for the TCDRS retirement plans. These rates are unisex.  Mortality  RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and females, both projected with the MP-2019.  Health care cost trend rates Participation rates  Level 5.00% for medical and 1.5% for dental.  It was assumed that 100% of retirees who are eligible for the County subsidy and 100% of active employees would choose to receive health care benefits through the County.	Inflation rate	3.00%
withdrawal assumption used in the 2017 actuarial report for TCDRS. The rates are a 15-year select and ultimate table and are sex specific.  Retirement rates  The retirement rates were develped from the assumption used in the 2017 actuarial report for the TCDRS retirement plans. These rates are unisex.  Mortality  RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and females, both projected with the MP-2019.  Health care cost trend rates Participation rates  It was assumed that 100% of retirees who are eligible for the County subsidy and 100% of active employees would choose to receive health care benefits through the County.	Salary increases	3.50%
assumption used in the 2017 actuarial report for the TCDRS retirement plans. These rates are unisex.  Mortality  RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and females, both projected with the MP-2019.  Health care cost trend rates  Participation rates  It was assumed that 100% of retirees who are eligible for the County subsidy and 100% of active employees would choose to receive health care benefits through the County.	Termination rates	withdrawal assumption used in the 2017 actuarial report for TCDRS. The rates are a 15-year select and
and females, both projected with the MP-2019.  Health care cost trend rates Participation rates  It was assumed that 100% of retirees who are eligible for the County subsidy and 100% of active employees would choose to receive health care benefits through the County.	Retirement rates	assumption used in the 2017 actuarial report for the
Participation rates  It was assumed that 100% of retirees who are eligible for the County subsidy and 100% of active employees would choose to receive health care benefits through the County.	Mortality	•
Discount rate 2.66% as of September 30, 2019.		It was assumed that 100% of retirees who are eligible for the County subsidy and 100% of active employees would choose to receive health care
	Discount rate	2.66% as of September 30, 2019.

Projections of health benefits are based on the plan as understood by the County and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date and the pattern of sharing benefit costs between the County and its employees to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

A Single Discount Rate of 4.06% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This Single Discount Rate was based on the municipal bond rates as of the measurement date. The source of the municipal bond rate was Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of September 30, 2019.

# **Changes in the Total OPEB Liability**

The County's total OPEB liability of \$3,387,507 was measured as of September 30, 2019 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2019.

	T	otal OPEB Liability
Balance at 10/01/2018	\$	2,842,686
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		103,763
Interest on the total liability		117,513
Difference between expected and actual experience	(	87,951)
Changes in assumptions		515,574
Benefit payments	(	104,078)
Net changes		544,821
Balance at 09/30/2019	\$	3,387,507

# Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the total OPEB liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (2.66%) in measuring the total OPEB liability.

,		1% Decrease in	Б.	1.5.1. (2.660()	1% Increase in			
	Discount Rate (1.66%)		DIS	count Rate (2.66%)	Discount Rate (3.66%)			
County's total OPEB liability	\$	3,712,953	\$	3,387,507	\$	3,085,503		

The following schedule shows the impact of the total OPEB liability if the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than what was used in measuring the total OPEB liability.

	Current Healthcare Cost								
	 1% Decrease	Tre	nd Rate Assumption		1% Increase				
			_		_				
County's total OPEB liability	\$ 2,955,734	\$	3,387,507	\$	3,901,062				

# OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$288,938. At September 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Def	erred	D	eferred
	Out	tflows	1	Inflows
	of Re	sources	of F	Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	-	\$	74,035
Changes in actuarial assumptions	4	33,99 <u>6</u>		-
Total	\$ <u>4</u>	33,996	\$	74,035

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended	
September 30,	
2020	\$ 67,662
2021	67,662
2022	67,662
2023	67,662
2024	67,662
Thereafter	 21,651
	\$ 359,961

### **Commitments and Contingencies**

Various claims and lawsuits are pending against the County. The evaluation of County management is that any liability to the County relating to such claims and lawsuits will not have a material impact on the County's financial position. Historically, the County has not incurred significant losses from claims or lawsuits which arise during the ordinary course of business.

In addition, the County also participates in several federally assisted grant programs, all of which are subject to federal regulations and guidelines. Should any of the grant program expenditures be disallowed by any of the respective grantor agencies or should any other contingency become a Medina liability, funds would have to be appropriated in future County budgets for settlements.

# **New Accounting Principles**

Significant new accounting standard not yet implemented by the County includes the following.

Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities* – This statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of governments and for identifying fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. The statement will become effective for the County in fiscal year 2020.

Statement No. 87, *Leases* – This statement changes the recognition requirements for certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that are currently classified as operating leases. This statement will become effective for the County in fiscal year 2021.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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# GENERAL FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES								
Taxes								
Ad valorem	\$	14,076,080	\$	14,076,080	\$	14,305,736	\$	229,656
Sales		2,425,000		2,425,000		3,214,940		789,940
Beer and wine	-	20,000	_	20,000	_	21,215	_	1,215
Total taxes	-	16,521,080	-	16,521,080	_	17,541,891	-	1,020,811
Intergovernmental								
State allocation - HB66		84,000		84,000		84,000		-
State allocation - grants	_	55,400	_	55,400		67,326	_	11,926
Total intergovernmental	_	139,400	_	139,400	_	151,326	_	11,926
Charges for services								
County clerk		300,000		300,000		326,589		26,589
District clerk		60,000		60,000		89,233		29,233
Tax assessor-collector		150,000		150,000		249,633		99,633
Sheriff		200,000		200,000		219,398		19,398
County attorney		100,000		100,000		76,045	(	23,955)
County treasurer		180,000		180,000		141,384	(	38,616)
Constable fees		35,000		35,000		41,988		6,988
County Judge		1,500		1,500		2,537		1,037
Other taxing entities		130,000		130,000		152,162		22,162
Other fees	_	151,000	_	151,000	_	167,196	_	16,196
Total charges for services	_	1,307,500	-	1,307,500	_	1,466,165	-	158,665
Fines and forfeitures								
Justice of the peace	_	749,000	_	749,000		731,130	(	17,870)
Total fines and forfeitures	_	749,000	_	749,000	_	731,130	(	17,870)
Interest	_	100,000	_	100,000	_	232,444	_	132,444

# **GENERAL FUND**

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Variance with Final Budget -				
		d Amounts	Actual	Positive		
REVENUES	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)		
Miscellaneous						
Other	\$ 266,500	\$ 266,500	\$ 482,929	\$ 216,429		
	266,500	266,500	482,929	216,429		
Total miscellaneous	200,300	200,300	402,323	210,423		
Total revenues	19,083,480	19,083,480	20,605,885	1,522,405		
EXPENDITURES						
General administration						
Commissioners' court	107.017	107.017	200 502	( 2.406)		
Personnel services	197,017	197,017	200,503 890	( 3,486)		
Supplies	1,500	1,500		610		
Other services and charges	25,700	25,700	27,776	( 2,076)		
Total commissioners' court	224,217	224,217	229,169	( 4,952)		
Loss control						
Personnel services	11,677	11,677	10,375	1,302		
Supplies	200	200	-	200		
Other services and charges	300	300		300		
Total loss control	12,177	12,177	10,375	1,802		
County clerk						
Personnel services	443,554	443,554	431,848	11,706		
Supplies	12,000	12,000	12,242	( 242)		
Other services and charges	59,800	59,800	47,491	12,309		
Total County clerk	515,354	515,354	491,581	23,773		
Veteran service officer						
Personnel services	90,404	90,404	99,399	( 8,995)		
Supplies	2,000	2,000	1,956	44		
Other services and charges	9,000	9,000	8,032	968		
Total veteran service officer	101,404	101,404	109,387	( 7,983)		

# GENERAL FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Variance with

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual		Final Budget - Positive			
		Original		Final	-	Amounts		(Negative)
<b>EXPENDITURES</b> General administration Elections								· -,,,
Personnel services	\$	238,073	\$	238,073	\$	228,294	\$	9,779
Supplies		13,500		13,500		12,679		821
Other services and charges	_	92,600	_	92,600	_	48,346	_	44,254
Total elections	_	344,173	_	344,173	_	289,319	_	54,854
County auditor								
Personnel services		401,235		401,235		356,919		44,316
Supplies		3,000		3,000		1,948		1,052
Other services and charges	_	21,500	_	21,500	_	20,916	_	584
Total County auditor	_	425,735	_	425,735	_	379,783	_	45,952
County treasurer								
Personnel services		272,856		272,856		270,045		2,811
Supplies		4,500		4,500		4,175		325
Other services and charges	_	24,960	_	24,960	_	17,237	_	7,723
Total County treasurer	_	302,316	_	302,316	_	291,457	_	10,859
Human resources/grants								
Personnel services		171,339		171,339		170,375		964
Supplies		6,000		6,000		2,449		3,551
Other services and charges	_	20,800		23,800	_	13,749	_	10,051
Total human resources/grants	_	198,139	_	201,139	_	186,573	_	14,566
Tax assessor-collector								
Personnel services		861,350		861,350		777,035		84,315
Supplies		25,000		25,000		10,687		14,313
Other services and charges	_	89,000	_	89,000	_	63,766	_	25,234
Total tax assessor-collector	_	975,350	_	975,350	_	851,488	_	123,862
Nondepartmental								
Personnel services		310,121		311,211		311,535	(	,
Other services and charges	_	1,590,500		1,589,410	_	1,147,106	_	442,304
Total nondepartmental	_	1,900,621	_	1,900,621	_	1,458,641	_	441,980
County agent								
Personnel services		125,197		125,197		116,554		8,643
Supplies		3,250		2,750		2,000		750
Other services and charges	_	34,450	_	34,700	_	33,068	_	1,632
Total County agent	_	162,897	_	162,647	_	151,622	_	11,025

# **GENERAL FUND**

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
EXPENDITURES								
General administration								
Courthouse and buildings								
Personnel services	\$	219,270	\$	219,270	\$	205,373	\$	13,897
Supplies		57,000		56,900		45,873		11,027
Other services and charges	_	388,800	_	388,900	_	368,646		20,254
Total courthouse and buildings		665,070		665,070	_	619,892		45,178
Subdivision administration departme	nt							
Personnel services	511C	7,937		7,937		6,516		1,421
Supplies		200		200		51		149
Other services and charges		25,100		25,100		192		24,908
Total subdivision		<del>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </del>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				· · ·
administration department	_	33,237		33,237	_	6,759		26,478
Total general administration		5,860,690	_	5,863,440	_	5,076,046		787,394
Legal								
District and County court								
Personnel services		300,975		305,775		308,827	(	3,052)
Supplies		4,500		6,500		1,674		4,826
Other services and charges	_	789,559		777,759	_	946,084	(	168,325)
Total district and County court	_	1,095,034	_	1,090,034	_	1,256,585	(	166,551)
District clerk								
Personnel services		407,140		407,140		400,770		6,370
Supplies		7,500		7,500		5,430		2,070
Other services and charges		39,500		34,500	_	37,697	(	3,197)
Total district clerk	_	454,140	_	449,140		443,897		5,243

# GENERAL FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			_	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
EXPENDITURES								
Legal								
Justices of the peace		700 057	_	700 057	_	604.006	_	12.071
Personnel services	\$ 7	708,857	\$	708,857	\$	694,986	\$	13,871
Supplies		10,350 54,460		10,350 54,460		7,372 53,898		2,978 562
Other services and charges				,				
Total justices of the peace		773,667		773,667		756,256		17,411
0 1 11								
County attorney Personnel services	_	220.062		220.062		226 275		1 707
Supplies		328,062 7,000		328,062 7,000		326,275 883		1,787 6,117
Other services and charges		32,150		32,150		21,018		11,132
5							-	
Total County attorney		367,212		367,212		348,176		19,036
District attorney								
District attorney Personnel services		5,234		5,234		6,576	(	1,342)
Other services and charges		582,519		582,519		588,939	(	6,420)
3		587,753		587,753	_	595,515		7,762)
Total district attorney		367,733		367,733		393,313		7,702)
Total legal	3,2	277,806		3,267,806	_	3,400,429	(	132,623)
Public safety								
County jail								
Personnel services	1,4	483,162		1,483,162		1,385,055		98,107
Supplies		168,000		168,000		169,389	(	1,389)
Other services and charges	7	786,400		786,400		1,231,500	į (	445,100)
Total County jail	2,4	137,562		2,437,562		2,785,944	(	348,382)

# GENERAL FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				_	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
EXPENDITURES		<u> </u>							
Public safety									
Constables									
Personnel services	\$	187,552	\$	187,552	\$	185,437	\$	2,115	
Supplies		6,800		6,685		3,619		3,066	
Other services and charges	_	88,415	-	88,530	-	87,260		1,270	
Total constables		282,767	-	282,767	_	276,316		6,451	
Sheriff									
Personnel services		3,443,218		3,435,218		3,330,921		104,297	
Supplies		221,950		221,627		188,136		33,491	
Other services and charges	_	251,750	_	253,750	_	230,330		23,420	
Total sheriff		3,916,918	_	3,910,595	_	3,749,387		161,208	
Juvenile board									
Personnel services		14,368		14,368		13,135		1,233	
Total juvenile board		14,368	-	14,368	_	13,135		1,233	
-	-	,	-	,	_	,		,	
DPS/license and weight		77 101		77 101		64.470		12 702	
Personnel services Supplies		77,181 3,000		77,181 3,000		64,478 3,787	1	12,703 787)	
Other services and charges		11,300		11,300		8,411	(	2,889	
Total DPS/license and weight	-	91,481	-	91,481	-	76,676		14,805	
•	-	51,101	-	51,101	-	70,070		11,005	
Highway patrol		77.054		77.054		50.047		47.004	
Personnel services		77,951		77,951		60,917		17,034	
Supplies		2,500		2,500 5,630		2,143	,	357 478)	
Other services and charges	_	5,620	-	5,620	-	6,098		478)	
Total highway patrol	_	86,071	-	86,071	-	69,158		16,913	
Emergency management									
Personnel services		67,976		67,976		67,178		798	
Supplies		12,250		12,250		6,887		5,363	
Other services and charges	_	23,750	_	23,750	_	20,660		3,090	
Total emergency management		103,976	-	103,976	_	94,725		9,251	
Total public safety	_	6,933,143	_	6,926,820	_	7,065,341	(	138,521)	

# GENERAL FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Variance with

				Variance with Final Budget -		
	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual	Positive		
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)		
EXPENDITURES Health and welfare						
Sanitation inspection						
Personnel services	\$ 159,640	\$ 159,640	\$ 154,899	\$ 4,741		
Supplies	9,300	9,300	7,392	1,908		
Other services and charges	25,425	25,425	18,617	6,808		
Total sanitation inspection	194,365	194,365	180,908	13,457		
Social services and indigent services						
Personnel services	207,366	207,366	198,043	9,323		
Other services and charges	34,500	36,500	31,540	4,960		
Total social services	244.066	242.066	220 502	14.202		
and indigent services	241,866	243,866	229,583	<u> 14,283</u>		
Total health and welfare	436,231	438,231	410,491	27,740		
Capital outlay	1,062,335	1,073,909	939,070	134,839		
Debt Service						
Principal	335,446	335,446	345,732	( 10,286)		
Interest	31,816	31,816	21,530	10,286		
Total Debt Service	367,262	367,262	367,262			
Total expenditures	17,937,467	17,937,468	17,258,639	678,829		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES	5					
OVER EXPENDITURES	1,146,013	1,146,012	3,347,246	2,201,234		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	)					
Sale of capital assets	20,000	20,000	17,280	( 2,720)		
Transfers in	- ( 1 774 220)	- ( 1 774 220)	64,650	64,650 177,434		
Transfers out  Total other financing	( 1,774,230)	( 1,774,230)	( 1,596,796)	<u>177,434</u>		
sources (uses)	( 1,754,230)	( 1,754,230)	( 1,514,866)	239,364		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	( 608,217)	( 608,218)	1,832,380	2,440,598		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	9,356,777	9,356,777	9,356,777			
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ <u>8,748,560</u>	\$ 8,748,559	\$ <u>11,189,157</u>	\$ 2,440,598		

### NOTES TO BUDGETARY SCHEDULE

SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

### A. **Budgetary Information**

The Commissioners' Court may levy taxes only in accordance with the budget. After final approval of the budget, the Commissioners' Court may spend County funds only in strict compliance with the budget, except in an emergency. The Commissioners' Court may authorize an emergency expenditure as an amendment to the original budget only in a case of grave public necessity to meet an unusual and unforeseen condition that could not have been included in the original budget through the use of reasonable diligent thought and attention. If the Court amends the original budget to meet an emergency, the Court must file a copy of its order amending the budget with the County Clerk and the Clerk shall attach the copy to the original budget. Only the Commissioners' Court may amend the budget and shift funds from one budget account to another.

The original budget is adopted by the Commissioners' Court and filed with the County Clerk. Amendments are made during the year and approved by the Commissioners' Court. The budget should not be exceeded in any expenditures category under state law. The budget was amended to reflect as closely as possible revenue and expenditures for the 12-month period. Certain categories exceeded the budget estimates. These variances were due to the fluctuations in revenue and expenditures as opposed to the prorated budget estimates.

The County Judge is, by statute, the Budget Officer of the County. He usually requests and relies on the assistance of the County Auditor to prepare the annual budget. After being furnished budget guidelines by the Commissioners' Court, the County Judge, with the help of the County Auditor, prepares an estimate of revenue and a compilation of requested departmental expenditures and submits this data to the Commissioners' Court.

The Commissioners' Court invites various department heads to appear for a hearing concerning the department's budget request. Before determining the final budget, the Commissioners' Court may increase or decrease the amounts requested by the various departments. Amounts finally budgeted may not exceed the estimate of revenue and available resources. Also, amendments can be made within the above guidelines.

When the budget has been adopted by the Commissioners' Court, the County Auditor is responsible for monitoring the expenditures of the various departments of the County to prevent expenditures from exceeding budgeted appropriations and for keeping the members of the Commissioners' Court advised of the condition of the various funds and accounts. Appropriations lapse at year-end.

The level of control is the department. By state law, expenditures can exceed appropriations as long as the amounts do not exceed the available revenue and cash balances. The County prepares its budget on a GAAP basis. Since revenue and expenditures are carefully monitored, it is felt that with the GAAP basis, the County will be in compliance with state law.

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Plan Year Ended December 31		2018		2017		
Total Pension Liability						
Service Cost Interest on total pension liability	\$	1,072,407 2,215,666	\$	1,096,294 2,058,841		
Effect of plan changes		-		-		
Effect of economic/demographic (gains) or losses	(	182,717)	(	119,781)		
Effect of assumption changes or inputs Benefit payments/refunds of contributions	(	- 1,296,981)	(	155,259 1,166,783)		
Net change in total pension liability		1,808,375		2,023,830		
Total pension liability - beginning		26,917,361		24,893,531		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				_		
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	28,725,736	\$	26,917,361		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Employer contributions	\$	796,819	\$	762,738		
Member contributions Investment income net of		597,615		571,174		
investment expenses	(	496,014)		3,381,770		
Benefit payments refunds of contributions	(	1,296,981)	(	1,166,783)		
Administrative expenses	(	21,099)	(	17,747)		
Other		5,584		2,073		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(	414,076)		3,533,225		
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		26,683,156		23,149,931		
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	26,269,080	\$	26,683,156		
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	2,456,656	\$	234,205		
Fiduciary net position as a percentage						
of total pension liability		91.45%		99.13%		
Pensionable covered payroll	\$	9,960,254	\$	9,519,560		
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		24.66%		2.46%		

Note: This schedule is required to have 10 years of information, but the information prior to 2014 is not available.

	2016		2015	2014			
\$	1,047,627 1,860,738 -	\$	965,430 1,739,114 215,866)	\$	904,251 1,599,983 -		
,	46,951	(	283,157) 275,381	,	98,008		
	1,020,613)	(	961,512)	(	926,667)		
	1,934,703		1,519,390		1,675,575		
	22,958,828	_	21,439,438		19,763,863		
\$	24,893,531	\$	22,958,828	\$	21,439,438		
\$	711,667 533,753	\$	670,857 503,059	\$	639,941 479,959		
	1,570,996	(	125,071)		1,335,589		
(	1,020,613) 17,127) 64,365	(	961,512) 15,282) 40,468	(	926,667) 15,735) 9,303)		
	1,843,041		112,519		1,503,784		
	21,306,889	_	21,194,370		19,690,586		
\$	23,149,930	\$	21,306,889	\$	21,194,370		
\$	1,743,601	\$	1,651,939	\$	245,068		
	93.00%		92.80%		98.86%		
\$	8,895,879	\$	8,384,324	\$	7,999,314		
	19.60%		19.70%		3.06%		

# SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Actuarially Determined Contribution		Actual Employer Contribution			Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		ensionable Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll	
2014	t.	615,394	t.	615,394	\$		¢.	7,817,468	7.9%	
	\$	/	Þ	•	₽	-	₽	, ,		
2015		666,600		666,600		-		8,332,498	8.0%	
2016		725,661		725,661		-		9,070,767	8.0%	
2017		754,355		754,355		-		9,429,443	8.0%	
2018		781,451		781,451		-		9,768,135	8.0%	
2019		824,742		824,742		-		10,335,915	8.0%	

Note: This schedule is required to have 10 years of information, but the information prior to 2014 is not available.

### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

**Valuation Timing** Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of

December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which

the contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions rates:

**Actuarial Cost Method** Entry age

**Amortization Method** Level percentage of payroll, closed

**Remaining Amortization Period** 11.7 years (based on contribution rate calculated in 12/31/2017

valuation)

**Asset Valuation Method** 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.75%

**Salary Increases** Varies by age and service. 4.9% average over career including

inflation.

**Investment Rate of Return** 8.0%, net of investment expenses, including inflation.

**Retirement Age** Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to

commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average

age at service retirement for recent retirees is 61.

Mortality 130% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and

> 110% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.

**Changes in Assumptions and** Methods Reflected in the

Schedule of Employer

**Contributions** 

2015: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were reflect.

2017: New mortality assumptions were reflected.

**Changes in Plan Provisions** Reflected in the Schedule of

**Employer Contributions** 

2015: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule. 2016: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2017: New Annuity Purchase Rates were reflected for benefits earned

after 2017.

2018: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

# RETIREE HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Plan Year Ended September 30 Total OPEB Liability:	2018		2019
Service cost Interest Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Benefit payments	\$ 99,715 113,043 - - - 109,342)	\$ (	103,763 117,513 87,951) 515,574 104,078)
Net change in total pension liability	103,416		544,821
Total OPEB liability - beginning	 2,739,270		2,842,686
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 2,842,686	\$	3,387,507
Covered - employee payroll	\$ 4,306,477	\$	4,359,713
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered - employee payroll	66.01%		77.70%

Note: This schedule is required to have 10 years of information, but the information prior to 2018 is not available.

### NOTES TO OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Valuation dateSeptember 30, 2019Measurement dateSeptember 30, 2019

Methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Method We have used GASB accounting methodology to

determine the postretirement medical benefit

obligations.

Service Cost Determined for each employee as the Actuarial Present

Value of Benefits allocated to the valuation year. The benefit attributed to the valuation year is that incremental portion of the total projected benefit earned during the year in accordance with the plan's benefit formula. This allocation is based on each participant's service between date of hire and date of expected

termination.

**Total OPEB Liability** The Actuarial Present Value of Benefits allocated to all

periods prior to the valuation year.

**Discount Rate** 2.66% (-0.34% real rate of return plus 3.00% inflation)

**Health Care Cost Trend**Level 5.00% for medical and 1.5% for dental

Effect of ACA The excess coverage excise tax penalty of the Affordable

Care Act was repealed effective December 2019 and is not included in the projection of benefits in this

valuation.

Mortality RPH-2014 Total Table with Projection MP-2019

Turnover Rates varying based on gender, age and select and

ultimate at 15 year. Rates based on the TCDRS actuarial assumptions form the 2017 retirement plan valuation

report.

**Disability** None assumed

Retiree Contributions None for individual coverage. Retiree pays a

contribution for family coverage. Effective January 1, 2012, eligible retirees retiring on or after that date are required to contribute \$50 per month for individual

medical coverage.

Salary Scale 3.50%

**Data Assumptions** 100% of all retirees who currently have healthcare

coverage will continue with the same coverage.

Coverage 100% of all actives who currently have healthcare

coverage will continue with employee only coverage

upon retirement.

# COMBINING FUND STATEMENTS

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# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Special Revenue											
		Road and Bridge No. 1		Road and Bridge No. 2		Road and Bridge No. 3		Road and Bridge No. 4				
ASSETS	,											
Cash and investments	\$	162,413	\$	658,816	\$	235,190	\$	806,663				
Receivables: Ad valorem taxes		72,788		50,536		42,054		40,160				
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-				
Other	_	40,897	_	29,244	_	29,205	_	29,206				
Total assets	-	276,098	_	738,596	_	306,449	-	876,029				
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable		21,166		77,248		15,807		133,649				
Payroll liabilities		21,260		22,807		17,465		14,696				
Other liabilities		-		-		-		-				
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-				
Unearned revenue	_	26,694	_	2,613	_		_	<u>-</u>				
Total liabilities	-	69,120	_	102,668	_	33,272	-	148,345				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unavailable revenue - grants	_	35,007 	_	35,166 	_	266 	_	16,760 -				
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	35,007	_	35,166	_	266	-	16,760				
FUND BALANCES												
Restricted Unassigned		171,971 -		600,762 -		272,911 -		710,924 -				
Total fund balances	-	171,971	_	600,762	_	272,911	-	710,924				
Total liabilities, deferred inflows	-	•	_	•	_	<u>,                                      </u>	-	<u>,                                      </u>				
and fund balances	\$_	276,098	\$_	738,596	\$	306,449	\$_	876,029				

Special Revenue

				0,000.0					
Lateral Road No. 1	Lateral Road No. 2			ateral Road No. 3		ateral Road No. 4		mmunity Justice ssistance	WIC
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,777	\$ -
-		-		-		-		-	-
-		-		-		-		18,953 14,440	134,030 -
 -		-		-		-		36,170	134,030
-		-		-		-		1,294	37,091
-		-		-		-		9,845	10,955
-		-		-		-		=	-
-		-		-		-		52,022	67,865
 <u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		63,161	 115,911
								_	
-		-		-		-		-	-
 -		-		-		-		<u> </u>	 
 -		-		-		-			 
-		-		-		-	,	-	18,119
 <u> </u>		<u> </u>			<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	_ (	26,991) 26,991)	 18,119
-		<del>-</del>	-					20,331)	10,119
\$ _	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	36,170	\$ 134,030

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

# NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Special Revenue											
		Health Unit	Pi	uvenile obation partment	1	Nutrition	Sheriff Short-term Grants					
ASSETS												
Cash and investments	\$	13,831	\$	6,961	\$	83	\$	3,890				
Receivables: Ad valorem taxes		-		-		-		-				
Intergovernmental		58,153		90		-		7,200				
Other		1,851		21,005								
Total assets		73,835		28,056		83		11,090				
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable		4,278		17,667		-		-				
Payroll liabilities		8,788		1,533		-		-				
Other liabilities		-		-		-		-				
Due to other funds		100,058		50,472		-		7,447				
Unearned revenue				-								
Total liabilities		113,124		69,672				7,447				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		-		-		-		-				
Unavailable revenue - grants				-								
Total deferred inflows of resources							-					
FUND BALANCES												
Restricted		-		-		83		3,643				
Unassigned	(	39,289)	(	41,616)				-				
Total fund balances	(	39,289)	(	41,616)		83		3,643				
Total liabilities, deferred inflows												
and fund balances	\$	73,835	\$	28,056	\$	83	\$	11,090				

Special Revenue

C	urchase of Youth Services	outh Attorney			County Law Library	Court eporter	Fo	Sheriff's orfeiture - General	Forfeiture - Constable No. 1	
\$	-	\$	10,564	\$	42,294	\$ 5,772	\$	65,134	\$	139
	-		-		-	-		-		-
	-		-		-	-		-		-
	<u>-</u> -	_	10,564		1,525 43,819	665 6,437		65,134		139
	-		3		2,506	-		_		-
	-		-		-	-		-		-
	-		-		-	-		-		-
	-		-		-	-		-		-
	-		3		2,506	-		-		-
	-		-		-	-		-		-
	<del></del>		<u>-</u> -		<u>-</u> -	<u>-</u> -		<u>-</u> -		<u>-</u> -
	-		10,561		41,313	6,437		65,134		139
_	<u>-</u> <u>-</u>		10,561		41,313	 6,437		65,134		- 139
\$	-	\$	10,564	\$	43,819	\$ 6,437	\$	65,134	\$	139

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

# NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

				Special	Revenue	2		
	Forfeiture - Constable No. 2		Forfeiture - Constable No. 3		Forfeiture - Constable No. 4			County Clerk Records anagement
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	105	\$	396	\$	218,265
Receivables:								
Ad valorem taxes		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental Other		-		-		-		-
Total assets		-		105		396	_	218,265
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable		-		-		-		41
Payroll liabilities		-		-		-		563
Other liabilities		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenue		-				_		
Total liabilities								604
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		-		-		-		-
Unavailable revenue - grants								
Total deferred inflows of resources								
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted		-		105		396		217,661
Unassigned								
Total fund balances				105	-	396		217,661
Total liabilities, deferred inflows								
and fund balances	\$		\$	105	\$	396	\$	218,265

				Special Revenue			
Ма	Records Courthouse Management Security		LEOSE Chapter 415	Justice Court Technology	D. A. Federal Forfeiture	Records Management Archival County Clerk	Records Management Archival District Clerk
\$	7,845	\$ 35,344	\$ 29,785	\$ -	\$ 22,700	\$ 292,763	\$ 16,916
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	- 475	357	<u> </u>	7,500	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	900
	8,320	35,701	29,785	7,500	22,700	292,763	17,816
		1 105	150				6 700
	-	1,185	150	<del>-</del>	-	-	6,709
	-	4,604	-	<del>-</del>	- 22,233	-	=
	-	-	-	- 2,506	22,233	-	-
	-	-	- -	2,300	-	-	-
_		5,789	150	2,506	22,233		6,709
	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	-	-	-	_	_	-	-
_	-						
	8,320 -	29,912 -	29,635 -	4,994 -	467 -	292,763 -	11,107
_	8,320	29,912	29,635	4,994	467	292,763	11,107
\$	8,320	\$35,701	\$\$	\$	\$22,700	\$\$292,763	\$ <u>17,816</u>

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

# NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

				Special	Reve	nue		
		Project Safe hborhoods	S	omeland Security Grants		JAG - District Attorney		Justice Court Security
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	8,876	\$	-	\$	72,848
Receivables:								
Ad valorem taxes		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-
Other		368				<del>-</del>		
Total assets		368		8,876				72,848
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable		-		-		-		-
Payroll liabilities		-		-		-		-
Other liabilities		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds		1,474		-		-		-
Unearned revenue						892		
Total liabilities		1,474				892		<u> </u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		-		-		-		-
Unavailable revenue - grants						-		<u>-</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources				-		-		-
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted		_		8,876		_		72,848
Unassigned	(	1,106)		-	(	892)		-
Total fund balances	(	1,106)	-	8,876	(	892)		72,848
Total liabilities, deferred inflows	<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•				,
·	_	260	_	0.076	_		_	72.040
and fund balances	\$	368	\$	8,876	<b>پ</b>		\$	72,848

Special Revenue

				Special	Revenue				
	HAVA (Help America Vote Act)	ironmental ealth Food Permit		County lic Health	Texas Feedii Texans			DA VAWA Grant	Hazard litigation Grant
\$	40,214	\$ 17,058	\$	1,015	\$	5	\$	-	\$ 14,161
_	- - 438 40,652	 - - - 17,058		- - - 1,015		- - - - 5		21,652 1,840 23,492	 - 44,645 - 58,806
_	- - - - -	 - - - - - -	_	- - - - -	_	- - - - -	_	18 4,921 - 15,763 - 20,702	- - - - -
_	- - -	 - - -		- - -		-	_	- - -	 - - -
_	40,652 - 40,652	 17,058 - 17,058		1,015 - 1,015		5 - 5		2,790 - 2,790	 58,806 - 58,806
\$	40,652	\$ 17,058	\$	1,015	\$	5	\$	23,492	\$ 58,806

### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

# NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Special Revenue										
			H	Household							
		COPS	H	Hazardous	District		Tax				
	Te	chnology		Waste	(	Clerk	Ir	crement			
		Grant		Grant	Technology		Zone				
ASSETS											
Cash and investments	\$	3	\$	637	\$	5,602	\$	56,002			
Receivables:											
Ad valorem taxes		-		-		-		-			
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-			
Other	_					722	-	774			
Total assets		3		637		6,324		56,776			
LIABILITIES											
Accounts payable		-		-		-		337			
Payroll liabilities		-		-		-		-			
Other liabilities		-		-		-		-			
Due to other funds		-		-		-		_			
Unearned revenue		-				-					
Total liabilities			_					337			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		-		-		-		-			
Unavailable revenue - grants			_	-							
Total deferred inflows of resources		-	_	-							
FUND BALANCES											
Restricted		3		637		6,324		56,439			
Unassigned		-		-		-		-			
Total fund balances		3		637		6,324		56,439			
Total liabilities, deferred inflows											
and fund balances	\$	3	\$	637	\$	6,324	\$	56,776			

	Special Revenue		Debt Service			C	apital Projects		
			Debt Sinking- Sheriff Auto		Construction In Progress Project Fund		ax Anticipation Note Capital mprovements		Capital Project
\$	13,750	\$	217	\$	-	\$	44,667	\$	-
	- 170,190		5,107 -		- -		- -		<del>-</del> -
_	183,940	_	5,324	_	-	_	44,667	_	<u> </u>
	53,480		-		-		-		-
	- -		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		105,399
_	53,480	_	-	_	-	<u> </u>	-	_	105,399
	- 130,460		- -		_		- -		- -
_	130,460			_	-			_	-
	-		5,324		-		44,667		-
_	<u>-</u> -	_	- 5,324	_	-	_	44,667	<u>(</u>	105,399) 105,399)
\$	183,940	\$	5,324	\$	-	\$	44,667	\$_	<u>-</u>

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

# NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Capital					
		East Medina River Line Extension		TAN Series 2018	Total Nonmajor Governmental		
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	487,550	\$	3,401,251	
Receivables: Ad valorem taxes						210 645	
		-		-		210,645 454,913	
Intergovernmental Other		-		- -		181,412	
Total assets	_	-	_	487,550	_	4,248,221	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable		=		17,487		390,116	
Payroll liabilities		-		-		117,437	
Other liabilities		-		-		22,233	
Due to other funds		-		-		403,006	
Unearned revenue		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	_	30,199	
Total liabilities			_	17,487	_	962,991	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unavailable revenue - grants		-		-		87,199 130,460	
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	-	_	-	_	217,659	
FUND BALANCES							
Restricted		-		470,063		3,282,864	
Unassigned				<u> </u>	(	215,293)	
Total fund balances		=		470,063		3,067,571	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows							
and fund balances	\$		\$	487,550	\$_	4,248,221	

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# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

				Special	Rever	nue		
		Road and Bridge No. 1		Road and Bridge No. 2	a	Road nd Bridge No. 3	a 	Road nd Bridge No. 4
REVENUES	_	1 122 050	_	1 262 201	_	ECO E10	<b>+</b>	F20.061
Property taxes Other taxes	\$	1,132,950 -	\$	1,362,301	\$	560,510 -	\$	529,961 -
Licenses and permits		225,265		225,265		225,265		225,265
Intergovernmental								
Fines and forfeitures		142,655		142,656		142,656		142,656
Charges for services		-		-		-		-
Interest		7,578		14,388		7,690		17,191
Miscellaneous	_	55,061	_	33,763 1,778,373		32,127 968,248	-	32,120 947,193
Total revenues	_	1,563,509	_	1,//8,3/3		908,248		947,193
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General administration		-		-		-		-
Legal Public safety		-		-		-		-
Public safety Public transportation		1,558,919		1,406,204		977,142		723,804
Health and welfare		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		317,610		143,722		879		203,868
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		75,700		72,925		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges	_	1,198	_	10,004	_			
Total expenditures		1,953,427	_	1,632,855		978,021	-	927,672
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(	389,918)		145,518	(	9,773)		19,521
OTHER FINANCING COURCES (HCFC)								
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from time warrants		301,480		139,200		_		_
Proceeds from sale of assets		-		-		_		855
Transfers in		-		-		-		-
Transfers out	(	369)	(	468)	(	324)	(	283)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	301,111	_	138,732	(	324)		572
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(	88,807)		284,250	(	10,097)		20,093
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	_	260,778	_	316,512		283,008		690,831
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	171,971	\$	600,762	\$	272,911	\$	710,924

Special Revenue Lateral Lateral Lateral Lateral Community Road Road Road Road Justice No. 2 No. 3 No. 4 Assistance WIC No. 1 \$ 16,221 12,888 7,777 7,555 320,313 418,984 1,537 5,072 15 16,221 12,888 7,777 7,555 424,056 321,865 366,101 16,221 7,777 7,555 12,888 414,412 4,500 16,221 12,888 7,777 7,555 366,101 418,912 44,236) 5,144 44,236) 5,144 17,245 12,975 26,991) 18,119

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue							
		Health Unit	Juvenile Probation Department		Nutrition		Sheriff Short-term Grants	
REVENUES Property taxes	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Other taxes	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_
Licenses and permits		_		_		-		_
Intergovernmental		280,043		-		-		41,184
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		-
Charges for services		-		1,161		-		-
Interest		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		5,552		74,246	_			_
Total revenues		285,595		75,407	_			41,184
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General administration		-		-		-		-
Legal		-		=		-		=
Public safety		-		308,275		-		34,320
Public transportation		-		-		-		-
Health and welfare		305,467		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		-		_		-		_
Interest and fiscal charges	_				_	<del>-</del>		
Total expenditures		305,467		308,275	_			34,320
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	<u>(</u>	19,872)	<u>(</u>	232,868)	_			6,864
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Proceeds from time warrants		-		-		-		-
Proceeds from sale of assets		-		-		=		-
Transfers in		10,070		178,920		-		_
Transfers out	_				_	<del>-</del>		
Total other financing sources (uses)		10,070		178,920	_			-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(	9,802)	(	53,948)		-		6,864
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	(	29,487)		12,332	_	83	(	3,221)
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ <u>(</u>	39,289)	\$ <u>(</u>	41,616)	\$_	83	\$	3,643

Special Revenue County Purchase County Sheriff's Forfeiture of Youth Attorney Law Court Forfeiture -Constable Services Special Library Reporter General No. 1 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 23,960 48,058 7,220 397 514 595 52,750 23,960 7,220 514 595 101,205 47,747 54,701 11,273 8,875 47<u>,747</u> 20,148 54,701 514 595 30,741) 40,527) 81,057 3 36,500 42,500 54,926) 42,500 36,500 54,926) 514 595 5,759 1,973 3 26,131 514) 9,966 35,554 39,003 4,464 136

41,313

6,437

65,134

139

10,561

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue							
DEVENUES	Co	feiture - onstable No. 2		Forfeiture - Constable No. 3		Forfeiture - Constable No. 4		County Clerk Records Inagement
REVENUES Property taxes	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Other taxes	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_
Licenses and permits		-		-		_		-
Intergovernmental		-		_		-		-
Fines and forfeitures		-		_		-		97,957
Charges for services		-		_		-		-
Interest		-		1		2		2,855
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-
Total revenues		-		1		2		100,812
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General administration		-		=		-		20,806
Legal		-		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-		-		-
Public transportation		-		-		-		-
Health and welfare		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		-		-		23,630
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		-		=		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges								
Total expenditures								44,436
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES				1		2		56,376
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Proceeds from time warrants		-		-		-		-
Proceeds from sale of assets		-		-		-		-
Transfers in		-		-		-		-
Transfers out								
Total other financing sources (uses)			_	-				-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		1		2		56,376
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING			_	104		394		161,285
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$		\$	105	\$	396	\$	217,661

						Spe	cial Revenue						
Records Management		Courthouse Security		LEOSE Chapter 415		Justice Court Technology		D. A. Federal Forfeiture		Records Management Archival County Clerk		Records Management Archival District Clerk	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		7,351		-		-		-		-
	5,662		14,484		-		27,570		-		97,632		7,402
	-		22,478 -		<u>-</u> -		-		118		- 4,245		-
			4						-		-		-
	5,662		36,966		7,351		27,570		118	_	101,877		7,402
	1,280		_		_		_		_		29,598		_
	-		-		-		58,514		-		-		-
	-		137,134		4,264		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		_		-		-		-
	-		2,826		-		4,757		-		-		21,649
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	1,280		139,960	_	4,264		63,271	_	-	_	29,598		21,649
	4,382	(	102,994)	_	3,087	(	35,701)		118		72,279		14,247)
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		- 90,000		<del>-</del> -		- 7,500		-		-		-
			-				-						-
			90,000				7,500				<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
	4,382	(	12,994)		3,087	(	28,201)		118		72,279	(	14,247)
	3,938		42,906		26,548		33,195		349		220,484		25,354
\$	8,320	\$	29,912	\$	29,635	\$	4,994	\$	467	\$	292,763	\$	11,107

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

				Special	Rev	enue		
	Project Safe Neighborhoods			Homeland Security Grants	JAG - District Attorney		Justice Court Security	
REVENUES Property taxes	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Other taxes	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	4	-
Licenses and permits		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		-		-		_		-
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		- E 496
Charges for services Interest		-		-		-		5,486 -
Miscellaneous		-		-		_		-
Total revenues		-		-	_	-		5,486
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General administration		-		-		-		-
Legal		-		-		-		-
Public safety Public transportation		-		-		-		<del>-</del>
Health and welfare		-		-		- -		- -
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		-		-		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges					_		_	
Total expenditures		-	_		_		_	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								F 406
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		-	_		_		_	5,486
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Proceeds from time warrants		-		-		-		-
Proceeds from sale of assets Transfers in		-		-		-		-
Transfers out		-		-		_		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	_	-	_	=		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		-		-		5,486
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	(	1,106)	_	8,876	(	892)	_	67,362
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ <u>(</u>	1,106)	\$	8,876	\$ <u>(</u>	892)	\$	72,848

HAVA (Help America 'ote Act)	Hea	ronmental alth Food Permit	County lic Health	s Feeding exans	D	A VAWA Grant		Hazard litigation Grant
\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
-		- 3,400	-	-		-		-
438		-	-	-		92,906		107,500
- 22,325		-	-	-		-		-
-		-	-	-				-
 22,763		3,400	 <u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>		51,156 144,062		107,500
						<u> </u>		·
8,366		-	-	-		145,758		-
-		-	-	-		-		120,000
-		-	-	-		-		-
- 9,900		-	-	-		-		-
,								
-		-	-	-		-		-
 18,266		-	-	-		145,758		120,000
4,497		3,400	 <u>-</u>	 	(	1,696)	(	12,500
-		-	-	-		-		-
-		-	-	-		-		-
-		-	-	-		-		71,306 -
-		-	-	-		-		71,306
4,497		3,400	-	-	(	1,696)		58,806
 36,155		13,658	 1,015	 5		4,486		
\$ 40,652	\$	17,058	\$ 1,015	\$ 5	\$	2,790	\$	58,806

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

REVENUES         COPS Technology (Park)         Household Hazardous (Park)         District (Park) (Park)         Tax Increment (Park)           REVENUES         \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$					Specia	ıl Rev	venue		
REVENUES         Grant         Grant         Clerk Technology         Increment Technology           Property taxes         \$					Household				
REVENUES         Grant         Grant         Clerk Technology         Increment Technology           Property taxes         \$			COPS		Hazardous		District		Tax
REVENUES         Grant         Technology         Zone           Property taxes         \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 467,609           Other taxes         \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 467,609           Licenses and permits         \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		-							Increment
REVENUES						-			
Commendation	REVENUES	_	0.4		0.0				
Commendation	Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	467,609
Fines and forfeitures			-		-		-		=
Fines and forfeitures	Licenses and permits		=		-		-		=
Charges for services         -         -         -         20,000           Interest         -         -         -         506           Miscellaneous         -         -         -         -         506           EXPENDITURES           Current:           General administration         -         -         -         483,957           Legal         -         -         -         -         -           Public safety         -			-		-		-		-
Interest			-		-		4,345		-
Miscellaneous	_		-		-		-		
Total revenues   -   -   4,345   488,115			-		-		-		506
Current:   General administration	Miscellaneous	_		_		_			
Current:   General administration	Total revenues	_		_		_	4,345		488,115
General administration	EXPENDITURES								
Legal	Current:								
Public safety         -         <			-		-		-		483,957
Public transportation         -         19,643         -         -         19,643         -         -         19,643         -         -         19,643         -	•		-		-		-		-
Health and welfare			-		-		-		=
Capital outlay       -       -       -       19,643         Debt service:       Principal retirement       -       <			-		-		-		-
Debt service:         Principal retirement         -         <			-		-		-		10.642
Principal retirement         -			_		-		-		19,043
Interest and fiscal charges			_		_		_		_
Total expenditures         -         -         -         503,600           EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES         -         -         4,345         ( 15,485)           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         -         -         -         4,345         ( 15,485)           Proceeds from time warrants         -         -         -         -         -         -           Proceeds from sale of assets         -			_		-		_		-
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES         -         -         4,345         ( 15,485)           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)           Proceeds from time warrants         -		_	-	_	-	_	-		503,600
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES         -         -         4,345         ( 15,485)           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)           Proceeds from time warrants         -	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF DEVENUES								
Proceeds from time warrants         -<			-	_	-		4,345	(	15,485)
Proceeds from time warrants         -<	OTHER EINANGING COURCES (USES)								
Proceeds from sale of assets         -			_		_		_		_
Transfers in Transfers out         - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>_</td>			_		_		_		_
Transfers out         -         <			_		-		_		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES         -         -         4,345         (         15,485)           FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING         3         637         1,979         71,924			_		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING         3         637         1,979         71,924	Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		-		-
	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		-		4,345	(	15,485)
FUND BALANCES, ENDING         \$         3         \$         637         \$         6,324         \$         56,439	FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	_	3	_	637	_	1,979		71,924
	FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	3	\$_	637	\$	6,324	\$	56,439

		Debt Service	Capital Projects							
	Medina County WCID #2	Debt Sinking- Sheriff Auto	In Progress Note	ticipation Capital Capital vements Project						
\$	- 123,040 - - - - - 123,040	\$ 5,809 - - - - - - - - - - 5,809	\$ - \$ - - - - - - - - 4 - 4	- \$						
_	123,040 - - -	- - - - -	- - - - - -							
_	123,040	5,809	4 (	36,928 -						
<del>-</del>	- - - - -	- - - ( 656) ( 656)	( 8,280) ( 8,280)							
_ \$_	- - -	5,153 \$ \$\$5,324	( 8,276) ( 8,276	36,649) - 81,316 ( 105,399) 44,667 \$( 105,399)						

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		Capital P	rojects	
		East Medina River Line Extension	TAN Series 2018	Total Nonmajor Governmental
REVENUES Property taxes Other taxes Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Fines and forfeitures Charges for services Interest Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$	- : - - - - - - -	\$ - - - - - 29,650 - 29,650	\$ 4,059,140 44,441 904,460 1,391,759 897,693 78,670 86,444 342,975 7,805,582
EXPENDITURES  Current: General administration Legal Public safety Public transportation Health and welfare Capital outlay Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges Total expenditures		3,025 - - - - - - - 3,025	1,504,364 - - 1,504,364	692,790 472,362 669,967 4,710,510 842,919 2,303,151 148,625 11,202 9,851,526
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(	3,025)	( 1,474,714)	( 2,045,944)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from time warrants Proceeds from sale of assets Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)		- - - - -	- - - - -	440,680 855 436,796 ( 65,306) 813,025
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(	3,025)	( 1,474,714)	( 1,232,919)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		3,025	1,944,777	4,300,490
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	<u> </u>	\$ 470,063	\$ 3,067,571

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#### ROAD AND BRIDGE NO. 1

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES	+ 1 000 010	+ 1 000 010	t 1100.050	+ 10.627	
Taxes	\$ 1,083,313	\$ 1,083,313	\$ 1,132,950	\$ 49,637	
Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures	211,456 146,835	211,456 146,835	225,265 142,655	13,809 ( 4,180)	
Interest	1,000	1,000	7,578	6,578	
Miscellaneous	-	-	55,061	55,061	
	1,442,604	1,442,604	1,563,509	120,905	
Total revenues	1,442,004	1,442,004	1,303,309	120,903	
EXPENDITURES	1 (04 012	1 (04 012	1 550 010	45.004	
Public transportation Capital outlay	1,604,913 100,000	1,604,913 100,000	1,558,919 317,610	45,994 ( 217,610)	
Debt service	100,000	100,000	317,010	( 217,010)	
Principal	29,000	29,000	75,700	( 46,700)	
Interest	711	711	1,198	( 487)	
Total expenditures	1,734,624	1,734,624	1,953,427	( 218,803)	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	( 292,020)	( 292,020)	( 389,918)	( 97,898)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from time warrants	-	-	301,480	301,480	
Transfers out			( 369)	( 369)	
Total other financing sources (uses)			301,111	301,111	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	( 292,020)	( 292,020)	( 88,807)	203,213	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	260,778	260,778	260,778		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ <u>( 31,242</u> )	\$ <u>( 31,242</u> )	\$ <u>171,971</u>	\$ 203,213	

#### ROAD AND BRIDGE NO. 2

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Original	d Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
DEVENUES	Original	FIIIdi	Amounts	(Negative)	
REVENUES  Taxes Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Interest Miscellaneous  Total revenues	\$ 1,311,002 211,456 146,835 700 - 1,669,993	\$ 1,311,002 211,456 146,835 700 - 1,669,993	\$ 1,362,301 225,265 142,656 14,388 33,763 1,778,373	\$ 51,299 13,809 ( 4,179) 13,688 33,763 108,380	
EVENDITURES					
EXPENDITURES  Public transportation  Capital outlay  Debt service	1,608,680 75,000	1,608,680 75,000	1,406,204 143,722	202,476 ( 68,722)	
Principal Interest	62,892 4,444	62,892 4,444	72,925 10,004	( 10,033) ( 5,560)	
Total expenditures	1,751,016	1,751,016	1,632,855	118,161	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	( 81,023)	( 81,023)	<u>145,518</u>	226,541	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from time warrants	_	_	139,200	139,200	
Transfers out			( 468)	( 468)	
Total other financing sources (uses)			138,732	138,732	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	( 81,023)	( 81,023)	284,250	365,273	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	316,512	316,512	316,512	<u> </u>	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 235,489	\$ 235,489	\$ 600,762	\$ <u>365,273</u>	

#### ROAD AND BRIDGE NO. 3

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted	I Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)		
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 521,808	\$ 521,808	\$ 560,510	\$ 38,702		
Licenses and permits	211,456	211,456	225,265	13,809		
Fines and forfeitures	146,835	146,835	142,656	( 4,179)		
Interest	3,100	3,100	7,690	4,590		
Miscellaneous			32,127	32,127		
Total revenues	883,199	883,199	968,248	85,049		
EXPENDITURES						
Public transportation	1,034,099	1,034,099	977,142	56,957		
Capital outlay	70,000	70,000	879	69,121		
Total expenditures	1,104,099	1,104,099	978,021	126,078		
•			<del></del>	<del></del>		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURÉS	( 220,900)	( 220,900)	( 9,773)	211,127		
OTHER FINANCING COURCES (HCFC)						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out			( 324)	( 324)		
Total other financing sources (uses)			( 324)	( 324)		
Total other illiancing sources (uses)	<del></del>		( 324)	( 324)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	( 220,900)	( 220,900)	( 10,097)	210,803		
FUND DALANCE DECIMIENC	202.000	202.000	202.000			
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	<u>283,008</u>	283,008	<u>283,008</u>			
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 62,108	\$62,108	\$ <u>272,911</u>	\$\$		

#### ROAD AND BRIDGE NO. 4

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Taxes	\$ 504,242	\$ 504,242	\$ 529,961	\$ 25,719	
Licenses and permits	211,456	211,456	225,265	13,809	
Fines and forfeitures	146,835	146,835	142,656	( 4,179)	
Interest Miscellaneous	2,000 1,500	2,000 1,500	17,191 32,120	15,191 30,620	
Total revenues					
Total revenues	866,033	866,033	947,193	81,160	
EXPENDITURES					
Public transportation	823,289	823,289	723,804	99,485	
Capital outlay	70,000	70,000	203,868	( 133,868)	
Total expenditures	893,289	893,289	927,672	( 34,383)	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	( 27,256)	( 27,256)	19,521	46,777	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from sale of assets	_	_	855	855	
Transfers out	-	-	( 283)	( 283)	
Total other financing sources (uses)			572	572	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	( 27,256)	( 27,256)	20,093	47,349	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	690,831	690,831	690,831	<u> </u>	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 663,575	\$ <u>663,575</u>	\$ <u>710,924</u>	\$\$	

#### DEBT SERVICE

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES								
Property taxes Interest	\$	982,771	\$	982,771	\$	1,014,574	\$	31,803
Miscellaneous		-		<u>-</u>		7,781 4,281		7,781 4,281
Total revenues		982,771		982,771		1,026,636	_	43,865
Total revenues		302,771		302,771		1,020,030	_	+5,005
EXPENDITURES								
Debt Service								
Principal		915,000		915,000		915,000		-
Interest		67,771		67,771		67,771	_	
Total expenditures		982,771		982,771		982,771	_	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES				<u>-</u>		43,865	_	43,865
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in						265,656		265,656
Total other financing sources (uses)		<u>-</u>				265,656	_	265,656
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		309,521		309,521
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	(	289,442)	(	289,442)	(	289,442)	_	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ <u>(</u>	289,442)	\$ <u>(</u>	289,442)	\$	20,079	\$_	309,521

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# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

### AGENCY FUNDS

# SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Agency				
	State Taxes	County Clerk	District Clerk	Unclaimed Money	Tax Office
<b>ASSETS</b> Cash and investments	\$ 328,374	\$270,492	\$ 364,757	\$ 10,196	\$\$
Total assets	\$328,374	\$ 270,492	\$ <u>364,757</u>	\$ <u>10,196</u>	\$ 2,548,210
<b>LIABILITIES</b> Due to others	\$ 328,374	\$ 270,492	\$ 364,757	\$ <u>10,196</u>	\$ 2,548,210
Total liabilities	\$ 328,374	\$ 270,492	\$364,757	\$10,196	\$ 2,548,210

Agency Medina County Employee 4th Court **Elected Official** Trust Cafeteria County Adult of Sheriff Claims Plan **Probations** Appeals Escrow Totals 15,404 204,383 800 720 153,716 \$ 3,897,603 551 204,383 800 15,404 551 720 153,716 \$ 3,897,603 204,383 800 15,404 551 720 153,716 \$ 3,897,603 204,383 800 15,404 551 \$\_\_\_ 720 153,716 \$ 3,897,603



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON **COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT** OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable County Judge and Commissioners' Court Hondo, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Medina County, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Medina County, Texas' basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 24, 2020.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Medina County, Texas' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Medina County, Texas' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Medina County, Texas' internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Medina County, Texas' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Waco, Texas

March 24, 2020

Patillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Honorable County Judge and Commissioners Court Hondo, Texas

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Medina County, Texas' compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of Medina County, Texas' major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2019. Medina County, Texas' major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Medina County, Texas' major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Medina County, Texas' compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Medina County, Texas' compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Medina County, Texas complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2019.



#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Patillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

Management of Medina County, Texas is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Medina County, Texas' internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Medina County, Texas' internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Waco, Texas March 24, 2020

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through	Expenditures	Pass-through Expenditures
FEDERAL AWARDS				
U. S. Department of Agriculture  Pass-through Texas Department of State Health Services:  Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children	10.557	2015-047367-001	\$ <u>418,984</u>	\$
Total Passed through Texas Department of State Health Services Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			418,984 418,984	<u> </u>
U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development  Pass-through the Texas Department of Agriculture:  Community Development Block Grant	14.228	7217309	239,750	-
Total Passed through the Texas Department of Agriculture	111220	7217303	239,750	
Total U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			239,750	
U. S. Department of Justice  Pass-through the Office of the Governor Criminal Justice Division:  Violence Against Women Formula Grants  Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program  Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program (BWC)  Total Passed through the Office of the Governor  Criminal Justice Division	16.588 16.607 16.738	2304409 113480 3537701	89,041 6,864 34,320 130,225	- - - -
Total U. S. Department of Justice			130,225	
U. S. Department of Health and Human Services				
Pass-through Texas Department of State Health Services: Hospital Preparedness Program (HPP) and Public Health Emergency Preparedness (PHEP) Immunization Cooperative Agreements Preventative Health and Health Services Block Grant Total Passed through the Texas Department of	93.268	537-18-0177-00001 HHS000092500001 537-18-0233-00001	56,702	- - -
State Health Services:			<u>167,540</u>	
Total U. S. Department of Health and Human Services			167,540	
U. S. Department of Homeland Security  Pass-through Texas Department of Emergency Management: Hazard Mitigation Grant  Total Passed through Texas Department of Emergency Management	97.039	DR-4269-004	90,000	<u> </u>
Total U. S. Department of Homeland Security			90,000	
Total Federal Awards			\$ <u>1,046,499</u>	\$

# NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

#### 1. GENERAL

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents the activity of all applicable federal awards of Medina County, Texas. The County's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the County's basic financial statements. Federal awards received directly from federal agencies as well as federal awards passed through other government agencies are included in the respective schedule.

#### 2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented using modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note 1 to the County's basic financial statements.

#### 3. INDIRECT COSTS

The County has not elected to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed in the Uniform Guidance, Section 414.

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

#### **Summary of Auditor's Results**

Financial Statements:

Type of auditors' report issued Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? None

Federal Awards:

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance

for major programs Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported

in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a) of Uniform Guidance None

Identification of major programs:

CFDA Number(s) Name of Federal Program or Cluster:

#10.557 Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for

Women, Infants, and Children (WIC)

#97.039 Hazard Mitigation Grant

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A

and type B programs \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee for federal single audit? No

Findings Related to the Financial Statements Which Are
Required to be Reported in Accordance With Generally
Accepted Government Auditing Standards

None

**Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards** 

None

# SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

None